

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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Cariño



Caríño

Bolero

Violín 1

Juan Escamilla Treviño

Violín 1 score for *Caríño Bolero* by Juan Escamilla Treviño. The score is in 4/4 time, key of D major (one sharp), and includes various performance markings.

Measures 1-4: *pizz.* (pizzicato) marking above the staff.

Measure 5: *arco* (arco) marking above the staff.

Measure 8: *2* (second ending) marking above the staff.

Measure 12: *B* (B section) marking in a box above the staff.

Measure 14: *7* (seventh ending) marking above the staff.

Measure 15: *Tutti* marking below the staff.

Measure 22: *C* (Coda) marking in a box above the staff, followed by a Coda symbol. *3* (third ending) marking above the staff. *2X al Coda* marking below the staff.

Measure 28: *2* (second ending) marking above the staff.

Measure 33: *D* (D section) marking in a box above the staff.

Measure 34: *Violin Solo* marking below the staff.

Caríño

2

36

40

Tutti

D.S. al Coda

42

45

2

49

51

53

2

57

59

3

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of nine staves of music. The first staff (measures 36-39) features a melodic line with a slur over measures 36-37 and a fermata over measure 38. The second staff (measures 40-41) begins with a fermata, followed by a series of eighth notes, and includes the instruction 'Tutti' below the staff. The third staff (measures 42-43) starts with a whole rest and a fermata, followed by a melodic phrase. The fourth staff (measures 44-45) contains a whole rest with a '2' above it, indicating a second ending. The fifth staff (measures 46-47) continues the melodic line. The sixth staff (measures 48-49) features a series of eighth notes. The seventh staff (measures 50-51) continues the melodic line. The eighth staff (measures 52-53) contains a whole rest with a '2' above it, indicating a second ending. The ninth staff (measures 54-55) continues the melodic line. The tenth staff (measures 56-57) features a series of eighth notes. The eleventh staff (measures 58-59) contains a whole rest with a '3' above it, indicating a third ending. The score concludes with a double bar line.

Caríño

Bolero

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1

Juan Escamilla Treviño

6 **A** 7 **B**

14 *Trumpet Solo*

17

21 **C** 22 3 2X al Coda 25 9

Tutti

34 7 *D.S. al Coda*

42 Φ 8

51 7

59 3

Caríño

Bolero

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2

Juan Escamilla Treviño

2 4 **A** 6 7 **B**

14 7 *Tutti*

22 **C** 3 2X al Coda 25 9

34 7 *D.S. al Coda*

42 8

51 7

59 3

Detailed description: This is a musical score for a Trumpet in B-flat, part 2. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and the time signature is 4/4. The score consists of six staves of music. The first staff starts with a whole rest, followed by a 2-measure rest, a 4-measure rest, a 6-measure rest labeled 'A', a 7-measure rest, and then a 7-measure melodic phrase. The second staff starts at measure 14 with a 7-measure rest, followed by a melodic phrase. The third staff starts at measure 22 with a 3-measure rest, followed by a repeat sign, then a 9-measure rest labeled '2X al Coda' and '25'. The fourth staff starts at measure 34 with a 7-measure rest, followed by a melodic phrase. The fifth staff starts at measure 42 with an 8-measure rest, followed by a melodic phrase. The sixth staff starts at measure 51 with a 7-measure rest, followed by a melodic phrase. The seventh staff starts at measure 59 with a 3-measure rest, followed by a melodic phrase.

Caríño

Bolero

Acoustic Guitar

Juan Escamilla Treviño

Sheet music for Acoustic Guitar, featuring chords and rhythmic notation.

Chords: G, Em, Am, D7.

Measure numbers: 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 25, 30.

Section markers: A, B, C, D.

Rhythmic notation: 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 +, 1 E + A 2, 3 E + A 4.

Final instruction: 2X al Coda.

Cariño

2

34 *G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7*

38 *G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7 D.S. al Coda*

42 *Am D7 G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7*

47 *G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7*

51 *G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7*

55 *G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7*

59 *G Em Am D7 G Em Am D7 G*

The musical score for 'Cariño' is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It consists of seven staves of music, each containing a sequence of four chords: G, Em, Am, and D7. The chords are written above the staff, and the notes are represented by a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The first six staves end with a double bar line, while the seventh staff ends with a single bar line and a final G chord. The score includes measure numbers 34, 38, 42, 47, 51, 55, and 59. The final measure of the seventh staff is marked with a 'D.S. al Coda' instruction.

Caríño

Bolero

Guítarron

Juan Escamilla Treviño

6 A

1-2 3 4 1-2 3 4 1-2 3 4 1-2 3 4

10 B

1-2 3 4 1 + 2 3 + 4

14

18

22 C %

2X al Coda

25

30 D

Caríño

Bolero

Voice 1

Juan Escamilla Treviño

Ca - ri - ño

7 que na - ció de la na - da sin sa - ber que com - vier - te

11 en su - bli - me - cion Tu e - ras

15 pa - ra mi - di - fe - ren - te sin pen - sar que gun di - a

19 tu se - ri - as mi - mor el

22 C § 2X al Coda
tiem - po te di - ra la ria - li - dad y yo te - do - ra - re

25 u - na - ter - ni - dad Te quie - ro y no pue - do ne - gar - lo

29 si - pre - ci - so gri - tar - lo gri - ta - re sin ce - sar

Cariño

2

33 D 34 7 *D.S. al Coda*

El

42

u - na - ter - ni - dad Ca ri - ño que na - ció de la

45

na - da sin sa - ber que com - vier - te en su - bli - me - se -

49

cion Te - quie - ro y no pue - do ne -

53

gar - lo si - pre - ci - so gri - tar - lo

56

gri - ta - re sin ce - sar Ca - ri - ño

60

Ca - ri - ño Ca - ri - ño

Cariño

Cariño, que nació de la nada
Sin saber se convierte en sublime obsesión.
Tú eras, para mi indiferente
Sin pensar que algún día, tú serías mi amor.

El tiempo te dira, la realidad
Y yo te adorare una eternidad
Te quiero y no puedo negarlo
Si es preciso gritarlo
Gritaré sin cesar.

El tiempo te dira, la realidad,
Y yo te adorare una eternidad
Cariño que nació de la nada,
Sin saber se convierte en sublime obsesión.
Te quiero y no puedo negarlo,
El cariño que siento es cariño inmortal.

Cariño, Cariño, Cariño.

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This image shows a full page of blank white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page, typical of notebook or legal stationery. There are no margins, text, or other markings present.

Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

Score for "Cerca del Mar" (Bolero) by Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas, Arranged by Y. Sital. The score is in 4/4 time and features the following parts:

- Voice 1**: Treble clef, key of D major (one sharp). The part consists of whole rests for the first four measures.
- Voice 2**: Treble clef, key of D major (one sharp). The part consists of whole rests for the first four measures.
- Violin 1**: Treble clef, key of D major (one sharp). The melody begins in the second measure with a quarter rest, followed by eighth and sixteenth notes, and concludes with a half note in the fourth measure.
- Violin 2**: Treble clef, key of D major (one sharp). The melody begins in the second measure with a quarter rest, followed by eighth and sixteenth notes, and concludes with a half note in the fourth measure.
- Violin 3**: Treble clef, key of D major (one sharp). The melody begins in the second measure with a quarter rest, followed by eighth and sixteenth notes, and concludes with a half note in the fourth measure.
- Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1**: Treble clef, key of D major (two sharps). The melody begins in the second measure with a quarter rest, followed by eighth and sixteenth notes, and concludes with a half note in the fourth measure.
- Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2**: Treble clef, key of D major (two sharps). The melody begins in the second measure with a quarter rest, followed by eighth and sixteenth notes, and concludes with a half note in the fourth measure.
- Armonia**: Treble clef, key of D major (one sharp). The part consists of whole rests for the first measure, followed by a continuous eighth-note accompaniment pattern for the remaining three measures.
- Guitarron**: Bass clef, key of D major (one sharp). The part consists of whole rests for the first measure, followed by a continuous eighth-note accompaniment pattern for the remaining three measures.

Chord markings: D7 and G are indicated below the Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2 staff in the fourth measure.

Cerca del Mar

2

Cer - ca del mar _____ Yo me(e)-na - mo - ré _____

Cer - ca del mar _____ Yo me(e)-na - mo - ré _____

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

Arm.

Gtrr.

D7

G

The musical score is for the song 'Cerca del Mar'. It features two vocal parts (Soprano and Alto) and instrumental accompaniment for Violins 1, 2, and 3; B-flat Trumpets 1 and 2; Armónica; and Guitar. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 2/4. The vocal parts have lyrics in Spanish: 'Cer - ca del mar' and 'Yo me(e)-na - mo - ré'. The instrumental parts include a melodic line for the violins and trumpets, a rhythmic pattern for the armónica, and a bass line for the guitar. The score is divided into four measures, with the first measure containing the vocal entry and the subsequent measures providing instrumental accompaniment.

Cerca del Mar

3

9

— Y co - mo la lu - na, La bri - sa(y) la(e) - spu - ma Tam - bién te be - sé.

— Y co - mo la lu - na, La bri - sa(y) la(e) - spu - ma Tam - bién te be - sé.

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

Arm.

Gtrr.

D7

G

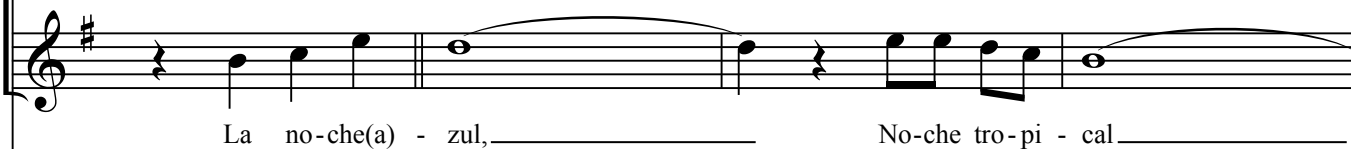
The musical score is for the piece 'Cerca del Mar'. It features two vocal parts (Soprano and Alto) and instrumental accompaniment for Violins 1, 2, and 3; B-flat Trumpets 1 and 2; Armónica; and Guitar. The score is in 4/4 time and the key of D major (indicated by two sharps). The vocal parts have lyrics in Spanish. The instrumental parts include a melodic line for the violins, a harmonic line for the trumpets, a rhythmic pattern for the armónica, and a bass line for the guitar. The score is divided into measures, with a repeat sign at the beginning of the vocal parts. The guitar part includes a D7 chord and a G chord.

Cerca del Mar

4³

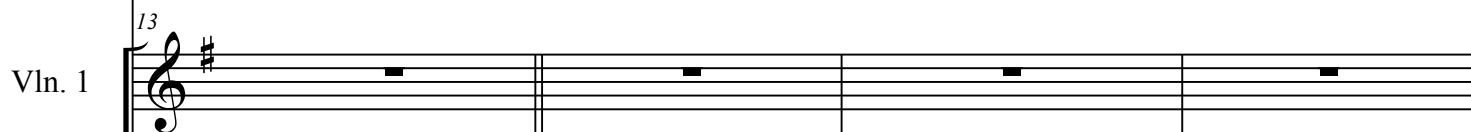


La no-che(a) - zul, _____ No-che tro-pi - cal _____



La no-che(a) - zul, _____ No-che tro-pi - cal _____

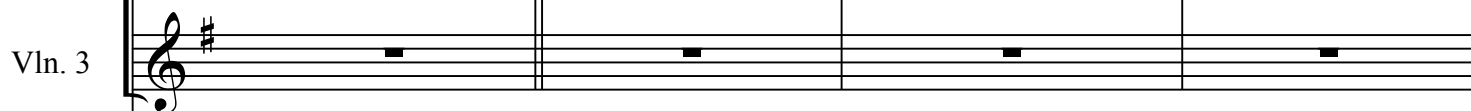
Vln. 1



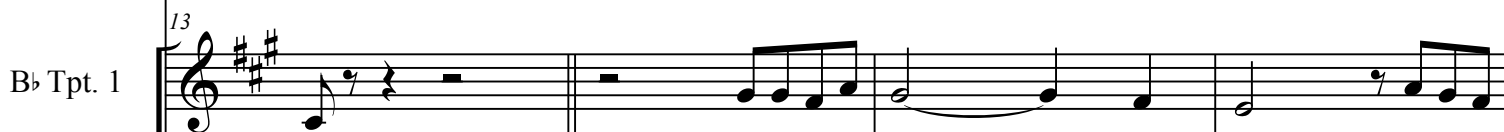
Vln. 2



Vln. 3



B $\flat$ Tpt. 1



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



D7

G

Arm.



Gtrr.



Cerca del Mar

5

17

— Com-pren-dió mis pe - nas Y(en)-tre sus a - re - nas Yo pu - de so - ñar. —

— Com-pren-dió mis pe - nas Y(en)-tre sus a - re - nas Yo pu - de so - ñar. —

Vln. 1

17

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

B♭ Tpt. 1

17

B♭ Tpt. 2

D7 C D7 G

Arm.

17

Gtrr.

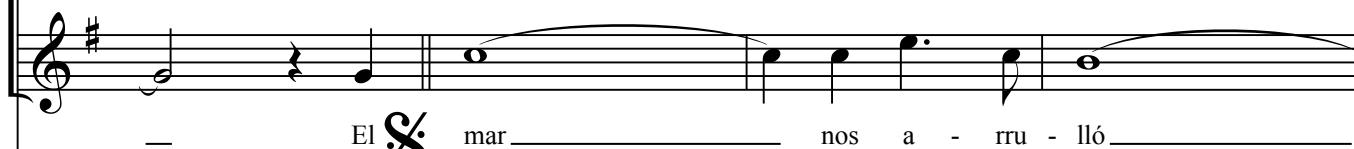
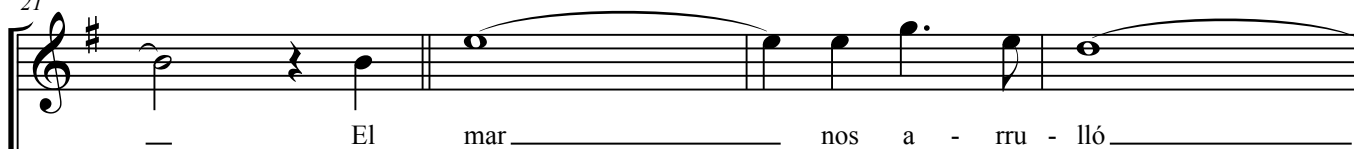
17

6



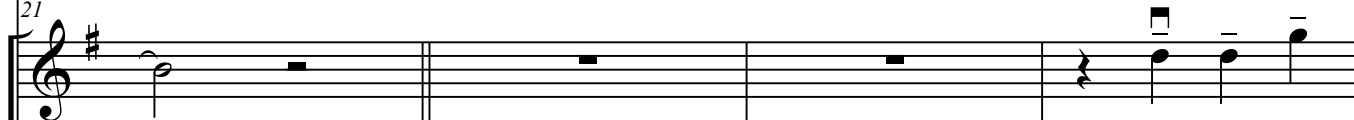
Cerca del Mar

21

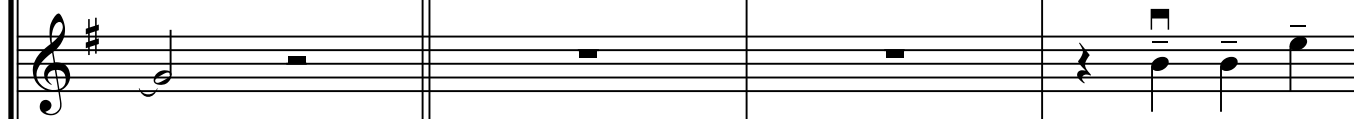


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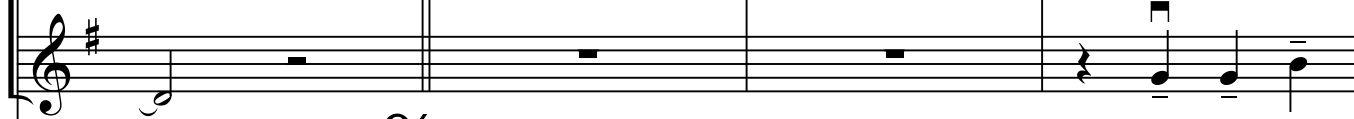
Vln. 1



Vln. 2



Vln. 3



21

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

C

G

21

Arm.

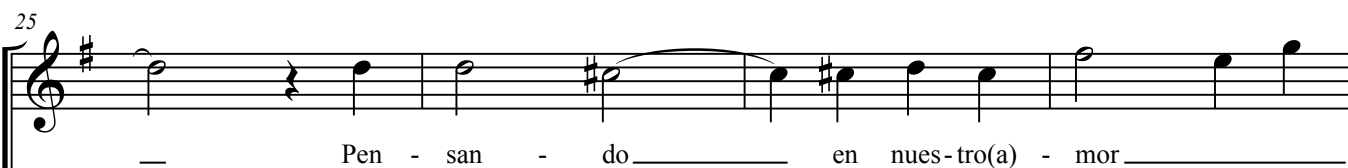


21

Gtrr.



25



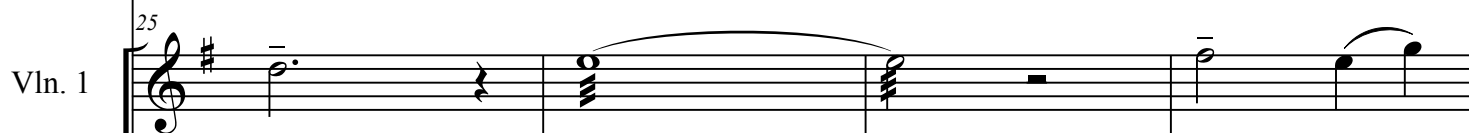
Pen - san - do



Pen - san - do

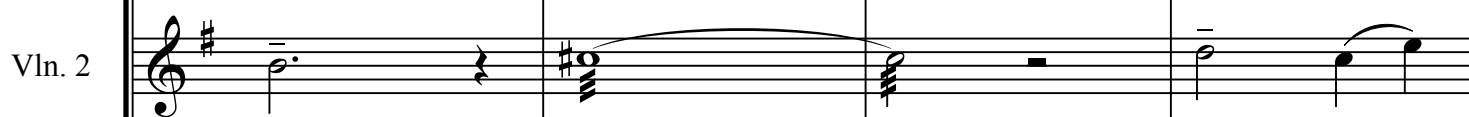
25

Vln. 1



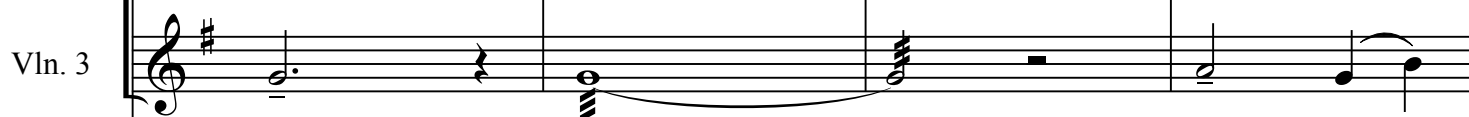
Pen - san - do

Vln. 2



Pen - san - do

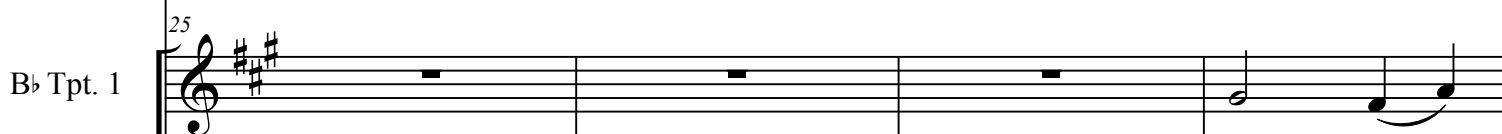
Vln. 3



Pen - san - do

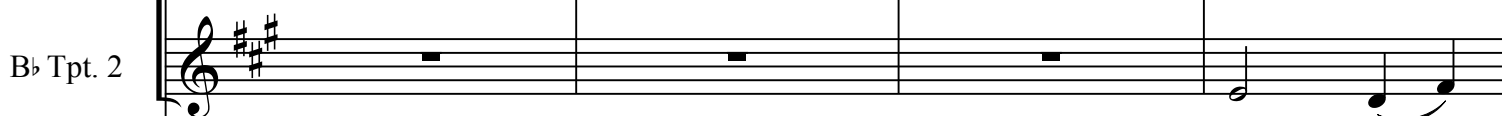
25

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1



Pen - san - do

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



Pen - san - do

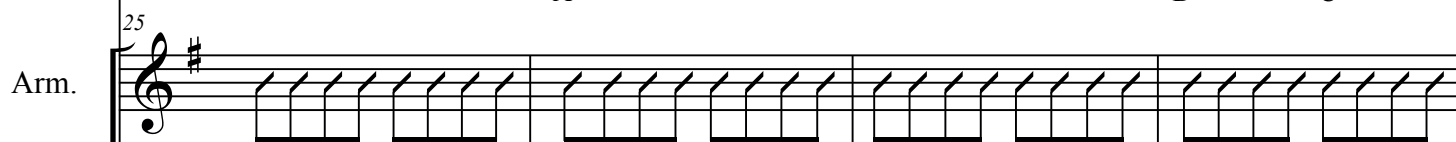
A7

D7

C

25

Arm.



Pen - san - do

25

Gtrr.

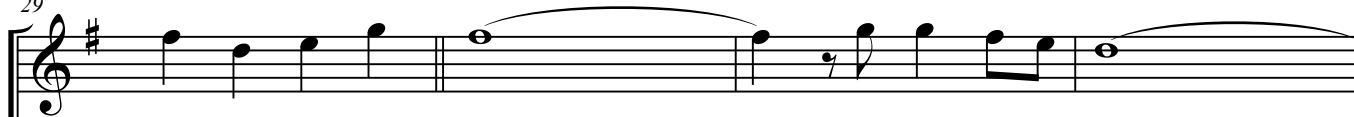


Pen - san - do

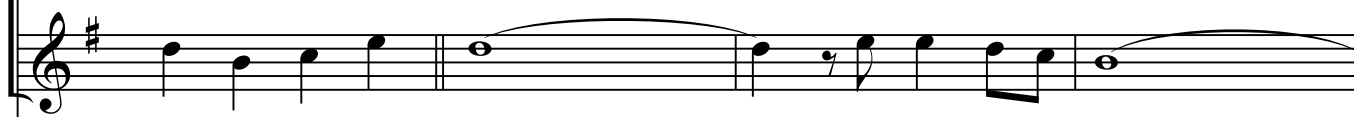
Cerca del Mar

8

29



— Y(al) des - per - tar — de(a)-que - lla(i)-lu - sión —



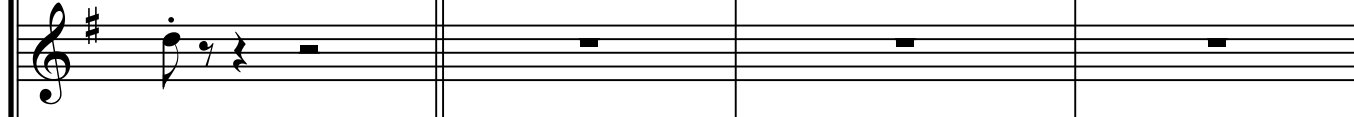
— Y(al) des - per - tar — de(a)-que - lla(i)-lu - sión —

29

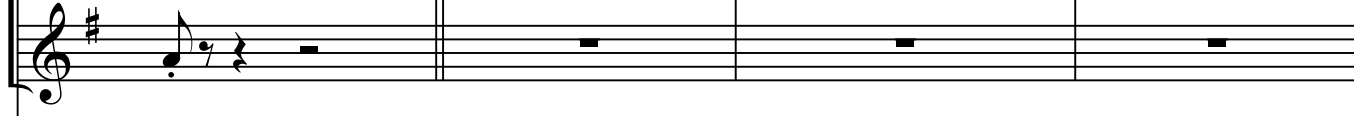
Vln. 1



Vln. 2



Vln. 3



29

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



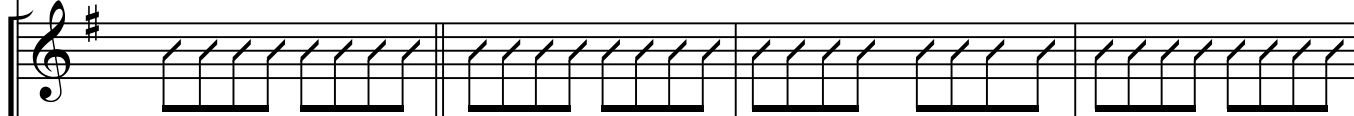
D7

D7

G

29

Arm.



29

Gtrr.



Cerca del Mar

9

33 *2x to Coda*

— Un be - so nos di - mos y(en) el be-so(u) - ni - mos Tu(a)-mor y mi(a)-

33 *2x to Coda*

— Un be - so nos di - mos y(en) el be-so(u) - ni - mos Tu(a)-mor y mi(a)-

Vln. 1 *2x to Coda*

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1 *2x to Coda*

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

D7

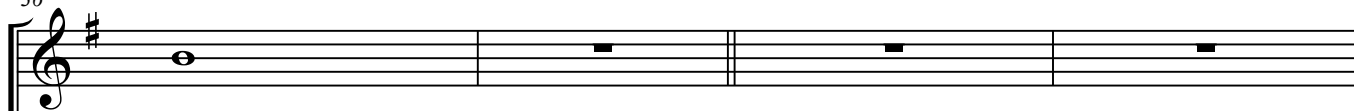
Arm. *2x to Coda*

Gtrr. *2x to Coda*

Cerca del Mar

10

36



mor.



mor.

36

Vln. 1



Vln. 2



Vln. 3

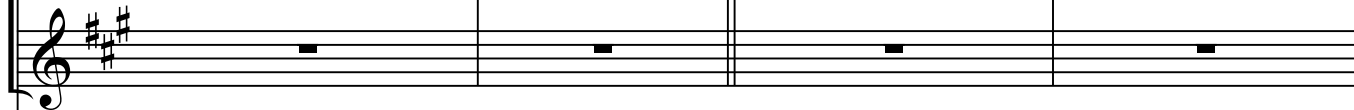


36

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



G

D7

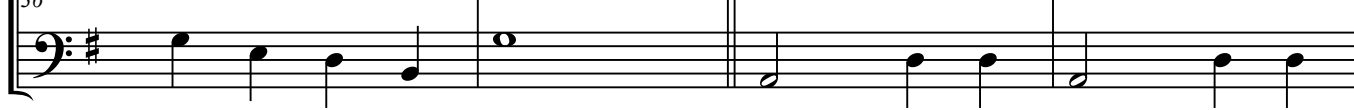
36

Arm.



36

Gtrr.



40

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

Arm.

Gtrr.

G

D7

This musical score page contains measures 40 through 43 of the piece 'Cerca del Mar'. The score is arranged for a string quartet (Violins 1, 2, and 3, and Viola), two B-flat Trumpets, an Armadillo (Arm.), and a Guitar (Gtrr.). The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. Measures 40 and 41 feature a sustained G note in the strings and a melodic line in the B-flat Trumpets. Measures 42 and 43 feature a sustained D7 chord in the strings and a melodic line in the B-flat Trumpets. The Armadillo part consists of a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, and the Guitar part consists of a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes.

Cerca del Mar

12

44

D.S. al Coda



El mor. Tu(a) -

El mor. Tu(a) -

44

D.S. al Coda



Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

44

D.S. al Coda

44

D.S. al Coda

44

D.S. al Coda

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

44

D.S. al Coda

44

D.S. al Coda

G

G

Arm.

Gtrr.

44

D.S. al Coda

44

D.S. al Coda

48

mor _____ y mi(a) - mor. _____

mor _____ y mi(a) - mor. _____

Vln. 1

48

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

B♭ Tpt. 1

48

B♭ Tpt. 2

C min

G

Arm.

48

Gtrr.

48

Cerca del Mar

14

52

Fine

Two musical staves, likely for Flute and Clarinet, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

52

Fine

Vln. 1

Musical staff for Violin 1, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

Vln. 2

Musical staff for Violin 2, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

Vln. 3

Musical staff for Violin 3, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

52

Fine

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

Musical staff for B-flat Trumpet 1, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

Musical staff for B-flat Trumpet 2, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

52

Fine

Arm.

Musical staff for Arms, showing a half note G4 and a whole rest.

52

Fine

Gtrr.

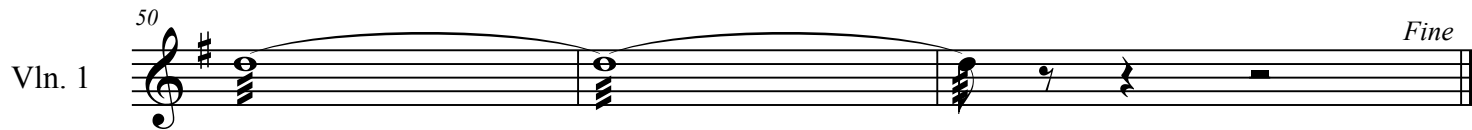
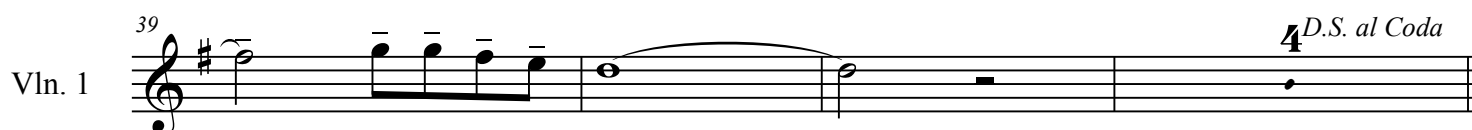
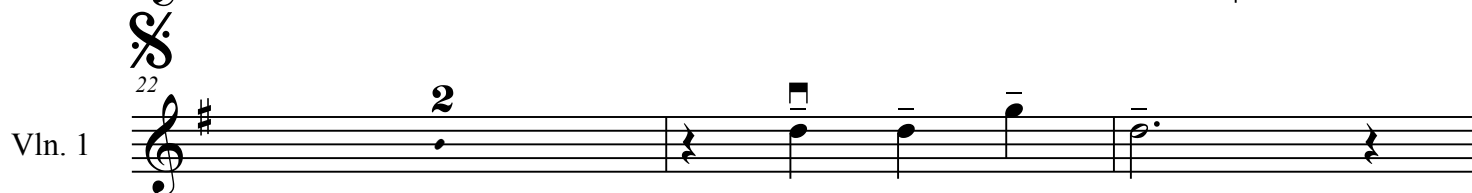
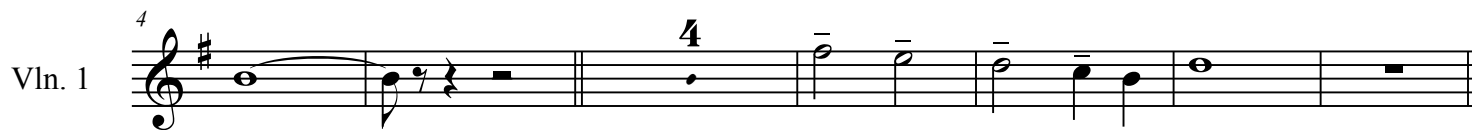
Musical staff for Guitar, showing a half note G2 and a whole rest.

Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

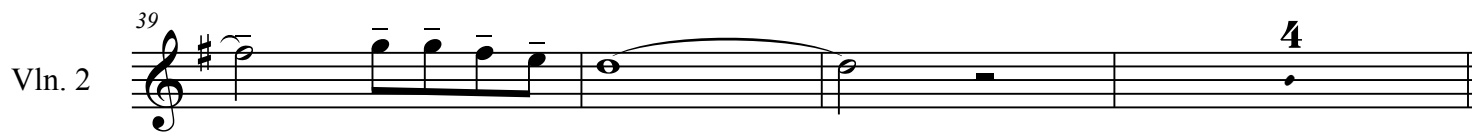
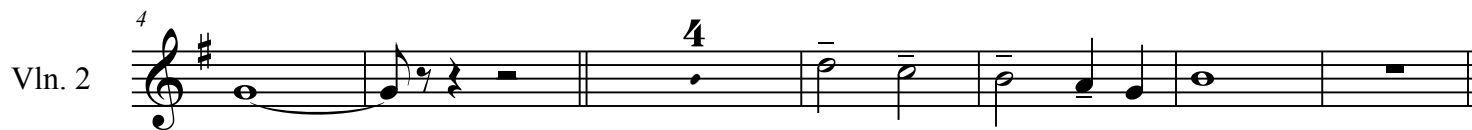


Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

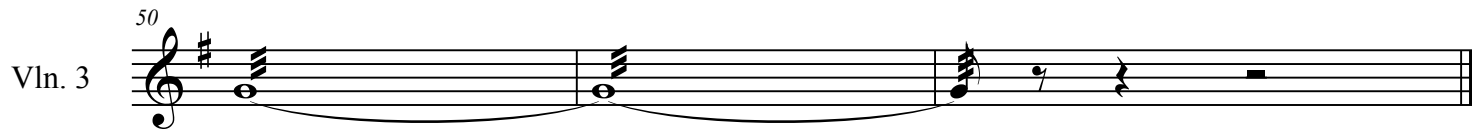
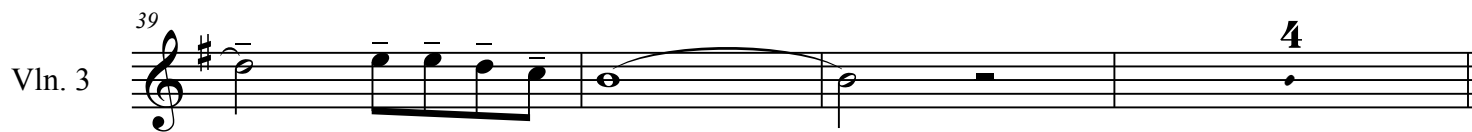
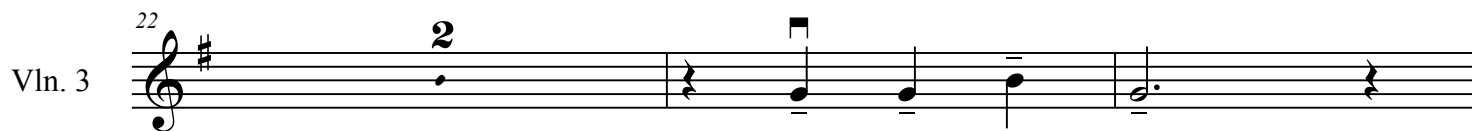
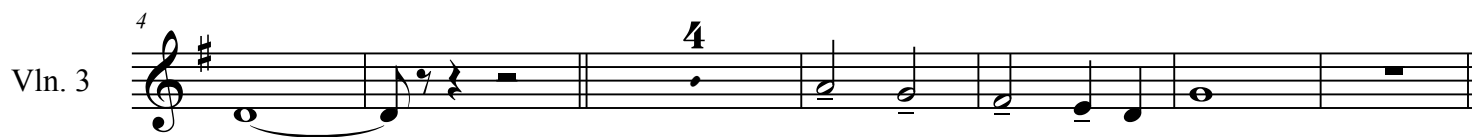


Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

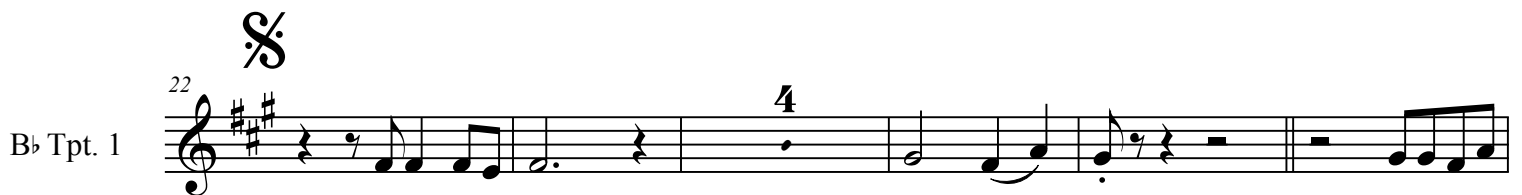


Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital



Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2



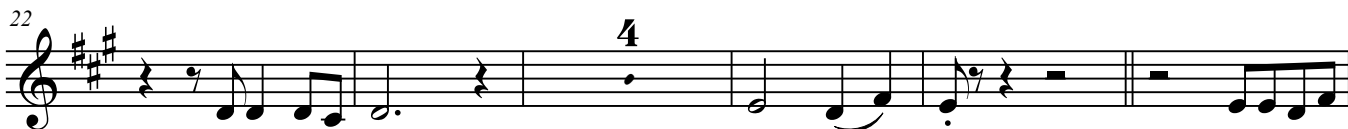
B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



B $\flat$ Tpt. 2



Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

Armonia

D7 G

Arm.

D7 G

Arm.

D7 G D7

Arm.

G D7 C

Arm.

D7 G

Arm.

C G C

Arm.

A7 D7 C

Arm.

D7 G

Cerca del Mar

33 D7 2x to Coda

Arm.

36 G D7 G

Arm.

41 D7 G D.S. al Coda

Arm.



46 G C min G Fine

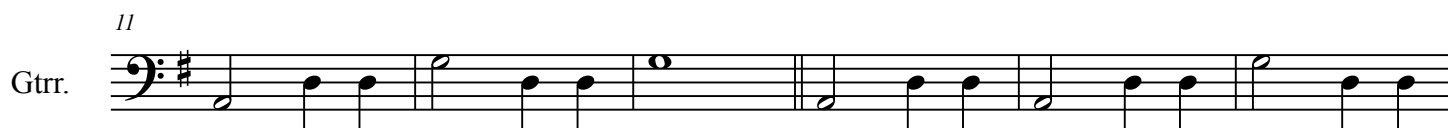
Arm.

Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital



Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

Voice 1

4

Cer - ca del mar Yo me(e)-na - mo - ré

9

Y co - mo la lu - na, La bri-sa(y) la(e) - spu - ma Tam - bién te be - sé. La no-che(a)-

14

zul, No-che tro - pi - cal Com - pren - dió mis pe - nas Y(en)-tre sus a -

19

re - nas Yo pu - de so - ñar. El mar nos a - rru -

24

lló Pen - san - do en nues - tro(a) - mor

29

Y(al) des - per - tar de(a)-que - lla(i)-lu - sión Un be - so nos

34

2x to Coda

di - mos y(en) el be-so(u) - ni - mos Tu(a)-mor y mi(a) - mor.

45

D.S. al Coda

El mor. Tu(a) - mor y mi(a) -

50

Fine

mor.

Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Ezequiel Cisneros Cardenas

Arranger Y. Sital

Voice 2

The musical score for Voice 2 is written on a single staff in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The tempo/style is marked 'Bolero'. The score consists of nine measures, grouped into lines of four measures each, with the final line containing one measure. Measure numbers 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 34, and 45 are indicated at the start of their respective lines. The lyrics are written below the staff, aligned with the notes. The lyrics are: 'Cer - ca del mar Yo me(e)-na - mo - ré Y co - mo la lu - na, La bri-sa(y) la(e) - spu - ma Tam - bién te be - sé. La no-che(a) - zul, No-che tro - pi - cal Com - pren - dió mis pe - nas Y(en)-tre sus a - re - nas Yo pu - de so - ñar. El mar nos a - rru - lló Pen - san - do en nues - tro(a) - mor Y(al) des - per - tar de(a)-que - lla(i)-lu - sión Un be - so nos di - mos y(en) el be-so(u) - ni - mos Tu(a)-mor y mi(a) - mor. El mor. Tu(a) - mor y mi(a) - mor.' The score includes various musical notations such as whole, half, quarter, eighth, and sixteenth notes, rests, and beams. There are also some unusual notations like '4' above the first measure and '7' above the 34th measure.

4

Cer - ca del mar Yo me(e)-na - mo - ré

9

Y co - mo la lu - na, La bri-sa(y) la(e) - spu - ma Tam - bién te be - sé. La no-che(a) -

14

zul, No-che tro - pi - cal Com - pren - dió mis pe - nas Y(en)-tre sus a -

19

re - nas Yo pu - de so - ñar. El mar nos a - rru -

24

lló Pen - san - do en nues - tro(a) - mor

29

Y(al) des - per - tar de(a)-que - lla(i)-lu - sión Un be - so nos

34

di - mos y(en) el be-so(u) - ni - mos Tu(a)-mor y mi(a) - mor.

45

El mor. Tu(a) - mor y mi(a) -

50

mor.

Cerca del Mar

Bolero

Cerca del mar
Yo me enamoré
Y como la luna,
La brisa y la espuma
También te besé.

La noche azul,
Noche tropical
Comprendió mis penas
Y entre sus arenas
Yo pude soñar.

El mar nos arrulló
Pensando en nuestro amor
Y al despertar de aquella ilusión
Un beso nos dimos y en el beso unimos
Tu amor y mi amor.

El mar nos arrulló
Pensando en nuestro amor
Y al despertar
De aquella ilusión
Un beso nos dimos
Y en el beso unimos
Tu amor y mi amor.

Tu amor y mi amor.

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Score

Mexican Folk Song

Violin 1

Violin 2

Trumpet in B♭ 1

Trumpet in B♭ 2

Armonia

Armonia A

Guitarron

10

18

26

2X al Coda

D.S. al Coda

D7

G

G7

D.S. al Coda

0

El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Violin 1

Mexican Folk Song

Violin 1 score for El Caballito, Son Jalisciense. The score is written in 3/4 time and G major. It consists of 33 measures. The notation includes various musical symbols such as rests, eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and beams. There are also dynamic markings like 'V' (Vibrato) and 'D.S. al Coda'. The score is divided into systems, with measure numbers 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, and 33 indicated. There are also measure markers 10, 18, and 26. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

5

9

13

17

21

25

29

33

10

18

26

D.S. al Coda

2X al Coda

El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Violin 2

Mexican Folk Song

Violin 2 musical score for El Caballito. The score is written in 3/4 time and consists of 33 measures. The key signature changes from C major to D major at measure 17. The score is divided into systems of four staves each. Measures 1-4 are on the first staff, 5-8 on the second, 9-12 on the third, 13-16 on the fourth, 17-20 on the fifth, 21-24 on the sixth, 25-28 on the seventh, 29-32 on the eighth, and 33 is on the ninth staff. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and accidentals. There are also some markings above the notes, possibly indicating vibrato or other performance techniques. The score is numbered 10, 18, 26, and 33 at the beginning of their respective staves.

El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1

Mexican Folk Song

5

10

18

26

29

33

D.S. al Coda

2X al Coda

El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2

Mexican Folk Song

5

10

9

13

18

17

21

26

25

29

33

El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Armonía

Mexican Folk Song

Armonia

Measures 1-7. Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measure 1 has a whole rest. Measure 2 has a double bar line and a C-clef. Measures 3-7 contain eighth notes with chords G7, C, G7, and C above them. Accents are present on the eighth notes in measures 4, 5, 6, and 7.

10

Vih.

Measures 8-14. Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measure 8 starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 8-14 contain eighth notes with chords G7, C, G7, and C above them. Accents are present on the eighth notes in measures 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14.

18

Vih.

Measures 15-17. Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measure 15 starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 15-17 contain eighth notes with chords G7, C, G, and D7 above them. Accents are present on the eighth notes in measures 16 and 17.

26

Vih.

Measures 21-25. Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measure 21 starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 21-25 contain eighth notes with chords G, D7, G, and G above them. Accents are present on the eighth notes in measures 22, 23, 24, and 25.

Vih.

Measures 27-32. Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measure 27 starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 27-32 contain eighth notes with chords D7, G, D7, and 2X al Coda above them. Accents are present on the eighth notes in measures 28, 29, 30, 31, and 32.

Vih.

Measures 33-36. Treble clef, 3/4 time. Measure 33 starts with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). Measures 33-36 contain eighth notes with chords G, G7, D.S. al Coda, and G above them. Accents are present on the eighth notes in measures 34, 35, and 36.

El Caballito

Son Jalisciense

Guitarron

Mexican Folk Song

5

10

9

13

18

17

21

26

25

29

33

The musical score is written for Guitarron in 3/4 time. It consists of nine staves of music. The first staff begins with a key signature of one flat (Bb) and a common time signature of 3/4. The music is written in bass clef. The score includes measure numbers 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25, 29, and 33. There are repeat signs at measures 10, 18, and 26. The key signature changes to one sharp (F#) at measure 17. The score ends with a double bar line at measure 33.

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PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal grey lines spaced evenly apart, typical of notebook paper. The lines extend across the entire width of the page, leaving small margins at the top and bottom. There are no vertical lines or other markings present.

El Gatito

(Son)

Score

John A. Vela

The musical score for "El Gatito" (Son) by John A. Vela is presented in three systems. The key signature is D major (two sharps) and the time signature is 3/4. The score includes parts for Violin 1, Violin 2, Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1, Armonia, and Guitarron.

System 1 (Measures 1-7):

- Violin 1:** Starts with a repeat sign. Measures 1-2: quarter notes D4, E4, F#4, G4. Measure 3: quarter note G4, half note F#4. Measure 4: quarter note E4, quarter note D4, quarter note C#4. Measure 5: quarter note B3, quarter note A3, quarter note G3. Measure 6: quarter note F#3, quarter note E3, quarter note D3. Measure 7: quarter note C#3, quarter note B2, quarter note A2.
- Violin 2:** Similar to Violin 1, but with a different melodic line.
- Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1:** Similar to Violin 1, but with a different melodic line.
- Armonia:** Consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C#5, D5.
- Guitarron:** Consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern: D3, E3, F#3, G3, A3, B3, C#4, D4.

System 2 (Measures 8-14):

- Violin 1:** Measure 8: quarter note G3, quarter note F#3, quarter note E3. Measure 9: quarter note D3, quarter note C#3, quarter note B2. Measure 10: quarter note A2, quarter note G2, quarter note F#2. Measure 11: quarter note E2, quarter note D2, quarter note C#2. Measure 12: quarter note B1, quarter note A1, quarter note G1. Measure 13: quarter note F#1, quarter note E1, quarter note D1. Measure 14: quarter note C#1, quarter note B0, quarter note A0.
- Violin 2:** Similar to Violin 1, but with a different melodic line.
- Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1:** Similar to Violin 1, but with a different melodic line.
- Armonia:** Consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C#5, D5.
- Guitarron:** Consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern: D3, E3, F#3, G3, A3, B3, C#4, D4.

System 3 (Measures 15-21):

- Violin 1:** Measure 15: quarter note G3, quarter note F#3, quarter note E3. Measure 16: quarter note D3, quarter note C#3, quarter note B2. Measure 17: quarter note A2, quarter note G2, quarter note F#2. Measure 18: quarter note E2, quarter note D2, quarter note C#2. Measure 19: quarter note B1, quarter note A1, quarter note G1. Measure 20: quarter note F#1, quarter note E1, quarter note D1. Measure 21: quarter note C#1, quarter note B0, quarter note A0.
- Violin 2:** Similar to Violin 1, but with a different melodic line.
- Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1:** Similar to Violin 1, but with a different melodic line.
- Armonia:** Consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern: D4, E4, F#4, G4, A4, B4, C#5, D5.
- Guitarron:** Consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern: D3, E3, F#3, G3, A3, B3, C#4, D4.

El Gatito

3

23

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B♭ Tpt. 1

Arm.

Gtrr.

31

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B♭ Tpt. 1

Arm.

Gtrr.

V

G7

C

D7

El Gatito

39

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B♭ Tpt. 1

Arm.

Gtrr.

47

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B♭ Tpt. 1

Arm.

Gtrr.

El Gatito

(Son)

Violin 1

John A. Vela

The score is written for Violin 1 in G major (one sharp) and 3/4 time. It consists of 48 measures, divided into eight systems of six measures each. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is 3/4. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, along with dynamic markings like *mf* and *f*, and articulation marks like *acc* and *trill*. The piece is a Son, a traditional Cuban dance form.

7

14

21

29

37

44

Violin 2

El Gatito

(Son)

John A. Vela

7

15

23

31

38

45

The musical score for Violin 2 of "El Gatito" is written in treble clef, key of D major (one sharp), and 3/4 time. The piece consists of 48 measures. The notation includes a key signature of one sharp (F#), a 3/4 time signature, and a repeat sign at the beginning. The melody is characterized by a repeating eighth-note pattern, often accented with a 'V' (accent) or slurred. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 7, 15, 23, 31, 38, and 45 marked at the start of their respective lines. The piece concludes with a final double bar line.

El Gatito

(Son)

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1

John A. Vela

7

15

22

30

37

44

Armonia

El Gatito

(Son)

John A. Vela

Sheet music for "El Gatito" (Son) by John A. Vela. The music is written in treble clef, key of G major (one sharp), and 3/4 time. The melody consists of eighth notes, with some measures containing beamed eighth notes. Chord symbols are placed above the staff to indicate the harmonic structure.

Chord symbols: G, D7, A7, D, C, G7, C, G, D7, G.

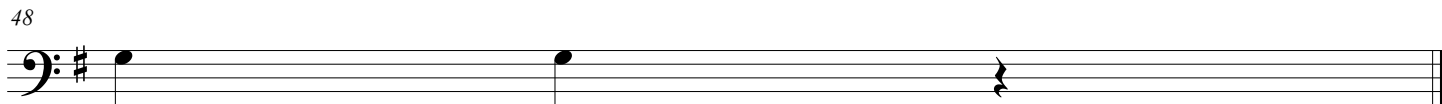
Measure numbers: 7, 13, 19, 25, 31, 37, 43.

Guitarron

El Gatito

(Son)

John A. Vela



PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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El Rey
Ranchera Valscada

Score

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

The image displays a musical score for the song "The Rose Tree". The score is arranged for a vocal ensemble (Voices 1, 2, and 3), Violin 1 and 2, Trumpet in B-flat 1 and 2, Armonia, and Guitarrron. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/4. The music begins with a key signature change from one sharp to two sharps (F# and C#). The vocal parts enter with a melody, while the instrumental parts provide accompaniment. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *mf* and *f*. The Guitarrron part features a bass line with a key signature change to one sharp and a time signature change to 3/4.

Cançons de la Vall de Navacerrada

Voc. 1

Voc. 2

Voc. 3

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B. Tpt. 1

B. Tpt. 2

Arm.

Cim.

Yo sé bien qu'es-loy a - fue - ra Pu - re(t) diu(en) que yo me mue - ra Sé que ten - drás que llo - rar. Di - rás que no me qui - sis - he Pu - ro vas a(s) - tar muy

U - na pue - ra(en) el va - mi - no Me(en) - se - ño que ten - drás - li - no U - na ro - dar y ro - dar. Das much me - di - je(m) a - rre - ro Que much) que lle - gar pri -

Llo - rar y llo - rar, llo - rar y llo - rar
Ro - dar y ro - dar, ro - dar y ro - dar

Llo - rar y llo - rar, llo - rar y llo - rar
Ro - dar y ro - dar, ro - dar y ro - dar

Monaco M.S. Mariachi

The musical score is for the 'Gloria' from Giuseppe Verdi's opera 'Aida'. It is a full orchestral score with vocal soloists. The score is written for a large orchestra, including strings, woodwinds, brass, and percussion. The vocal soloists are represented by staves for Soprano 1, Soprano 2, Alto, Tenor 1, and Tenor 2. The lyrics are in Italian, and the music is in the key of D major. The score is divided into measures, with a repeat sign indicating a section that is repeated. The lyrics are: 'tris - te - ro Y(a) - si - te me vas - a que - dar. Con di - ne - ro(y) sin di - ne - ro Ha - go siem - pre'.

Voa. 1 lo que que - ro Y mi pa - la - bra(es) la ley No ten - go

Voa. 2

Voa. 3

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B. Tpt. 1

B. Tpt. 2

Arm.

Csm.

Voa. 1 tro - no ni rei - na Ni na - die que me com - pre - da Pe - ro si - go sien - do(e)l

Voa. 2

Voa. 3

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B. Tpt. 1

B. Tpt. 2

Arm.

Csm.

Monaco MS Mariachi

Voa. 1

Voa. 2

Voa. 3

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

B. Tpt. 1

B. Tpt. 2

Arm.

Csm.

El Rey

Ranchera Valseada

Violín 1

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

Violín 1 musical score for "El Rey" (Ranchera Valseada). The score is written in treble clef, key of D major (two sharps), and 3/4 time. It consists of eight staves of music. The first staff begins with a key signature change to D major and a 3/4 time signature. The second staff starts at measure 6. The third staff starts at measure 12 and includes a 4/4 time signature change at measure 15. The fourth staff starts at measure 22 and includes a 2/4 time signature change at measure 26. The fifth staff starts at measure 30. The sixth staff starts at measure 36 and includes a 6/8 time signature change at measure 40. The seventh staff starts at measure 46 and includes a 2/4 time signature change at measure 48. The eighth staff starts at measure 52. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, beams, slurs, and dynamic markings (e.g., *V* for *Vibrato*). The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the eighth staff.

El Rey

Ranchera Valscada

Violín 2

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

Violín 2 musical score for "El Rey" (Ranchera Valscada). The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 3/4. The score consists of eight staves of music, with measure numbers 6, 12, 15, 22, 26, 30, 36, 40, 46, 48, 52, and 56 indicated. The music features various musical notations including notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings. The score includes several measures of rests, indicating a break in the melody. The final measure of the score is a double bar line.

El Rey

Ranchera Valscada

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

5

9

15

26

34

42

52

7

2

30

2

4

40

2

44

6

1.

2.

El Rey

Ranchera Valscada

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

5

9

15

26

34

42

52

7

2

30

2

4

40

2

6

1.

2.

El Rey

Ranchera Valseada

Acoustic Guitar

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

Acoustic guitar score for "El Rey" (Ranchera Valseada) by José Alfredo Jiménez, transcribed by Jeff Nevin. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The tempo is marked 3/4. The score consists of eight staves of music, each with a measure number and a chord symbol above it. The chords are: A7 (measures 1-8), D (measures 9-14), D (measures 15-16), A7 (measures 17-21), D (measures 22-25), G (measures 26-29), E7 (measures 30-35), and A7 (measures 36-43). The score includes a first ending (measures 44-47) and a second ending (measures 48-51). The first ending leads back to the beginning of the piece, and the second ending leads to the final measure. The score is written in a style that is easy to read and play, with clear notation for notes, rests, and chords.

1. *D*

2. *D* *A7* *D* *A7* *D*

El Rey

Ranchera Valseada

Guitarron

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

9

15

20

25

32

38

44

50

1. 2.

The musical score is written for a Guitarron in the key of D major (two sharps) and 3/4 time. It consists of nine staves of music. The first staff begins with a repeat sign. The second staff starts at measure 9. The third staff starts at measure 15. The fourth staff starts at measure 20 and includes a 3/4 time signature change. The fifth staff starts at measure 25. The sixth staff starts at measure 32. The seventh staff starts at measure 38. The eighth staff starts at measure 44. The ninth staff starts at measure 50 and includes a first and second ending bracket.

El Rey

Ranchera Valscada

Voice 1

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

2 12



Yo sé bién que(es)-toy a - fue-ra Pe - ro(el) día(en) que yo me
U - na pied-ra(en) el ca - mi - no Me(en) - se - ño que mi des-

16



mue - ra Sé que ten-drás que llo - rar. Di - rás que no me qui -
ti - no E - ra ro - dar y ro - dar Des - pués me di - jo(un) a -

20



sis - te Pe - ro vas a(es) - tar muy tris - te Y(a) - sí te me vas a que - dar.
rrie - ro Que no(hay) que lle - gar pri - me - ro Pe - ro hay que sa - ber lle - gar.

23



Con di - ne - ro(y) sín di - ne - ro Ha - go siem - pre

31



lo que quie - ro Y mi pa - la - bra(es) la ley _____

38



No ten - go tro - no ni reí - na Ni

44



na - die que me com - pren - da Pe - ro si - go sien - do(el)

50



rey. _____ rey. _____

El Rey

Ranchera Valseada

Voice 2

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

2 12 14 3

Llo-rar y llo -
Ro-dar y ro -

18 20 2

rar, ___ llo - rar y llo - rar ___
dar, ___ ro - dar y ro - dar ___

22 4 26 21

1. Pe - ro si - go sien - do(el) rey. _____

52 2.

rey. _____

Detailed description: This is a musical score for Voice 2, written in treble clef with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The time signature is 3/4. The score is divided into four systems. The first system starts with a whole rest, followed by a repeat sign and a 12-measure rest, then a 14-measure rest, and finally a 3-measure rest. The second system begins at measure 18 with a triplet of eighth notes, followed by a quarter note, an eighth note, and a quarter note. The third system starts at measure 22 with a 4-measure rest, followed by a 21-measure rest, and then a melodic line. The fourth system begins at measure 52 with a half note, followed by a quarter note, and then a whole rest. The lyrics are in Spanish and are written below the notes.

El Rey

Ranchera Valscada

Voice 3

José Alfredo Jiménez
Transcription by Jeff Nevin

Musical score for Voice 3, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The score is divided into three systems. The first system starts with a 3/4 time signature and includes a repeat sign with a first ending bracket. Above the staff, measure numbers 2, 12, 14, and 3 are indicated. The lyrics "Llo-rar y llo-ro-ro-dar" are written below the staff, with "Ro-dar" and "y" appearing on separate lines. The second system begins at measure 18 and continues with the lyrics "rar, dar, llo-ro-dar y llo-ro-dar". The third system starts at measure 20 and includes a 2/4 time signature change at measure 22. It features a first ending bracket labeled "501." and a second ending bracket labeled "522.". Measure numbers 20, 22, 26, 24, 501., 2, 522., and 4 are indicated above the staff.

El Rey

Jose Alfredo Jimenez

Yo sé bién que estoy afuera
Pero el día en que yo me muera
Sé que tendrás que llorar.
<Llorar y llorar, llorar y llorar>

Dirás que no me quisiste
Pero vas a estar muy triste
Y así te me vas a quedar.

Con dinero y sín dinero
Yo hago siempre lo que quiero
Y mi palabra es la ley
No tengo trono ni reína
Ni nadie que me comprenda
Pero sigo siendo el rey.

Una piedra en el camino
Me enseñó que mi destino
Era rodar y rodar
<Rodar y rodar, rodar y rodar>

Después me dijo un arriero
Que no hay que llegar primero
Pero hay que saber llegar.

Con dinero y sín dinero
Hago siempre lo que quiero
Y mi palabra es la ley
No tengo trono ni reína
Ni nadie que me comprenda
Pero sigo siendo el rey

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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En Tu Día

Score

Arranger: Jeff Nevin

Score for the first system, measures 1-8. The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4. The instruments are:

- Voice 1
- Voice 2
- Violin 1
- Violin 2
- Trumpet in B♭ 1
- Trumpet in B♭ 2
- Armonia
- Guitaron
- Guitaron A

Measures 1-8 show the instrumental introduction. The Armonia part includes chord markings: D7, G, D7, G.

Score for the second system, measures 9-16. The instruments are:

- Voc. 1.1
- Voc. 2.2
- Vln. 1
- Vln. 2
- B♭ Tpt. 1
- B♭ Tpt. 2
- Arm.
- Gtm.
- Gtr.

Measures 9-16 show the vocal entry and instrumental accompaniment. The Armonia part includes chord markings: G7, C, D7, G, G, G.

Score for the third system, measures 17-24. The instruments are:

- Voc. 1.1
- Voc. 2.2
- Vln. 1
- Vln. 2
- B♭ Tpt. 1
- B♭ Tpt. 2
- Arm.
- Gtm.
- Gtr.

Measures 17-24 show the vocal melody and instrumental accompaniment. The Armonia part includes chord markings: G, D7, G, G7, C. Dynamic markings include *mp* and *f*.

Title

Score for *Title*, featuring vocalists (Voc. 1.1, Voc. 2.2), violins (Vln. 1, Vln. 2), B-flat trumpet (B♭ Tpt. 1, B♭ Tpt. 2), and a rhythm section (Acordeon/Accordion, Guitar, Bass).

The score is divided into three systems, each containing staves for the vocalists, violins, trumpets, and the rhythm section. The key signature is one sharp (F#).

System 1: The vocalists enter with a melody. The violins provide harmonic support. The rhythm section includes a guitar line with a D7 chord and a bass line. The accordion plays a steady eighth-note pattern.

System 2: The vocalists continue their melody. The violins play a sustained note. The trumpets enter with a new melody. The rhythm section continues with the guitar and bass, and the accordion plays a steady eighth-note pattern.

System 3: The vocalists conclude their melody. The violins play a sustained note. The trumpets play a sustained note. The rhythm section continues with the guitar and bass, and the accordion plays a steady eighth-note pattern.

Chord markings: D7, G, G7, C.

En Tu Día

Violín 1

Arranger Jeff Nevín

Violín 1 musical score for "En Tu Día". The score is written in treble clef, key of D major (one sharp), and 2/4 time. It consists of eight staves of music. The first staff begins with a key signature change to D major and a time signature change to 2/4. The music features various note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. There are several dynamic markings: *mp* (mezzo-piano) at measure 24 and *f* (forte) at measure 28. The score includes repeat signs and first/second endings. Measure numbers 6, 11, 16, 20, 24, 28, 34, 38, 50, and 54 are indicated at the start of their respective staves. The piece concludes with a double bar line at the end of the eighth staff.

En Tu Día

Violín 2

Arranger Jeff Nevin

6

11

16

20

24

28

34

38

50

54

mp

f

4

6

12

En Tu Día

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1

Arranger Jeff Nevín

7

13

18 20 8

32 2 38 2

40

46 2 1, 2.

54

En Tu Día

Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2

Arranger Jeff Nevín

7

13

18 20 8

32 2 38 2

40

46 2

54

En Tu Día

Acoustic Guitar

Arranger Jeff Nevin

Sheet music for Acoustic Guitar, titled "En Tu Día" by Jeff Nevin. The music is in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The piece consists of 54 measures, organized into systems of 8 measures each. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is 2/4. The music features a repeating eighth-note pattern. Chords are indicated above the staff: D7, G, G7, and C. The piece ends with a double bar line and repeat dots.

Measures 1-7: D7, G, D7

Measures 8-15: G, G7, C, D7

Measures 16-23: G, G, G, G

Measures 24-31: D7, G, G7, C

Measures 32-38: D7, G, G, D7

Measures 39-46: G, D7, G

Measures 47-53: G7, C, D7, 1, 2. G

Measure 54: G

En Tu Día

Guitarra A

Arranger Jeff Nevin



8



15



22



29



36



43



50



En Tu Día

Guitarron

Arranger Jeff Nevín



En Tu Día

Voice 1

Arranger Jeff Nevín

Musical score for Voice 1 of the song "En Tu Día". The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 2/4. The music consists of six staves of notation. The first staff begins with a measure rest, followed by a repeat sign with a first ending bracket labeled "2" and a second ending bracket labeled "17". The subsequent staves contain various musical notations including eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, with some measures featuring slurs and ties. The score concludes with a final measure rest on the sixth staff.

23

29

35

42

48

54

56

1, 2.

2

En Tu Día

Voice 2

Arranger Jeff Nevín

Musical score for Voice 2 of the song "En Tu Día". The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 2/4. The music consists of four staves. The first staff begins with a whole rest, followed by a repeat sign. Above the first measure of the repeat is a "2" and the number "18". Above the second measure is a "20" and the number "17". The second staff starts at measure 40 and continues with eighth and quarter notes, some beamed together. The third staff starts at measure 46 and continues with eighth and quarter notes, including a sharp sign on a note. The fourth staff starts at measure 52 and continues with eighth and quarter notes, including a repeat sign and a final measure with a "2" above it. The score ends with a double bar line.

LEAVE BLANK

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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LA RASPA

Jarabe

Traditional

Daniel M. Valdez

Violin I

Violin II

Violin III

Trumpet in B♭ 1

Trumpet in B♭ 2

G

D7

Vihuela

Guitarron

Harp

12

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vln. III

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

D7

G

D7

Vih.

Gtrr.

12

Hp.

17 1. 2.

Vln. I

17 1. 2.

Vln. II

17 1. 2.

Vln. III

17 1. 2.

B♭ Tpt. 1

17 1. 2.

B♭ Tpt. 2

17 1. 2.

G

Vih.

17 1. 2.

Gtrr.

17 1. 2.

Hp.

17 1. 2.

Detailed description: This is a page of a musical score for a piece titled 'LA RASPA'. The page number is 4. The score is arranged for a string quartet (Violins I, II, and III), two B♭ Trumpets, Viola, Guitar, and Harp. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is divided into measures 17, 18, 19, and 20. Measures 17 and 18 have first and second endings. Measures 19 and 20 have first and second endings. The first ending of measure 17 leads to measure 18, and the second ending of measure 17 leads to measure 19. The first ending of measure 18 leads to measure 19, and the second ending of measure 18 leads to measure 20. The first ending of measure 19 leads to measure 20, and the second ending of measure 19 leads to measure 21. The first ending of measure 20 leads to measure 21, and the second ending of measure 20 leads to measure 22. The Viola part has a 'G' marking above measures 18 and 19. The Guitar part has a 'G' marking above measure 18. The Harp part has a 'G' marking above measure 18.

[illegible]

28 2.

Vln. I

28 2.

Vln. II

28 2.

Vln. III

28 2.

B♭ Tpt. 1

28 2.

B♭ Tpt. 2

28 2.

Vih.

28 2.

Gtrr.

28 2.

Hp.

G C G D7 G C

34

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vln. III

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

G D7 G G G

Vih.

Gtrr.

Hp.

39

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vln. III

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

D7

Vih.

Gtrr.

39

Hp.

This musical score page contains measures 39 through 44 of the piece 'LA RASPA'. The score is written for a full orchestra, including Violins I, II, and III; Horns in B-flat (1 and 2); Violoncello; Double Bass; and Piano. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 4/4. Measure numbers 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, and 44 are indicated at the beginning of each staff. The Violin parts feature a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The Horn parts play a similar rhythmic figure. The Violoncello and Double Bass parts provide a steady bass line. The Piano part is mostly silent, with a few notes in the bass register.

45

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vln. III

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

Vih.

Gtrr.

Hp.

1. 2.

1. 2.

1. 2.

1. 2.

1. 2.

1. 2.

G G C G D7 G

56

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vln. III

B $\flat$ Tpt. 1

B $\flat$ Tpt. 2

A

A

Vih.

Gtrr.

Hp.

Detailed description: This is a musical score for measures 56 through 59. The score is written for a full orchestra. The key signature is three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The time signature is 4/4. The measures are as follows: Measure 56: Vln. I, II, and III play a half note G#4. B $\flat$ Tpt. 1 and 2 play a half note A4. Vih. plays a half note G#4. Gtrr. plays a half note G#3. Hp. has a whole rest in the right hand and a half note G#3 in the left hand. Measure 57: Vln. I, II, and III play a quarter note A4, then a quarter note G#4. B $\flat$ Tpt. 1 and 2 play a quarter note A4, then a quarter note G#4. Vih. plays a quarter note G#4, then a quarter note G#4. Gtrr. plays a quarter note G#3, then a quarter note G#3. Hp. has a whole rest in the right hand and a half note G#3 in the left hand. Measure 58: Vln. I, II, and III play a half note G#4. B $\flat$ Tpt. 1 and 2 play a half note A4. Vih. plays a half note G#4. Gtrr. plays a half note G#3. Hp. has a whole rest in the right hand and a half note G#3 in the left hand. Measure 59: Vln. I, II, and III play a half note G#4. B $\flat$ Tpt. 1 and 2 play a half note A4. Vih. plays a half note G#4. Gtrr. plays a half note G#3. Hp. has a whole rest in the right hand and a half note G#3 in the left hand.

LA RASPA

Jarabe

Traditional

Daniel M. Valdez

6

11

16

20

24

29

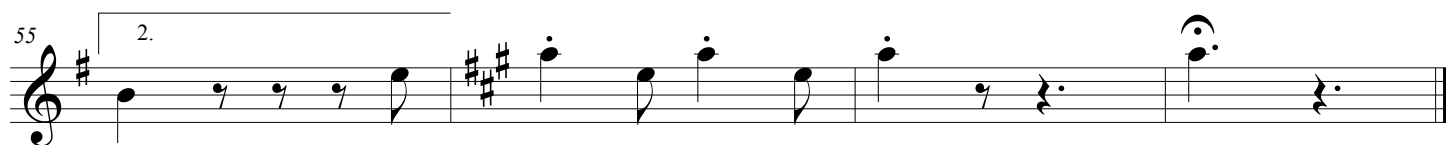
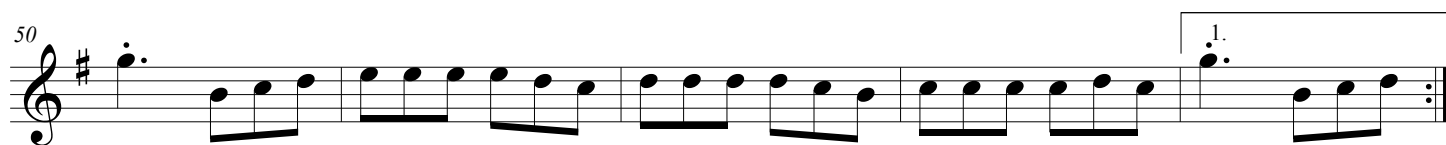
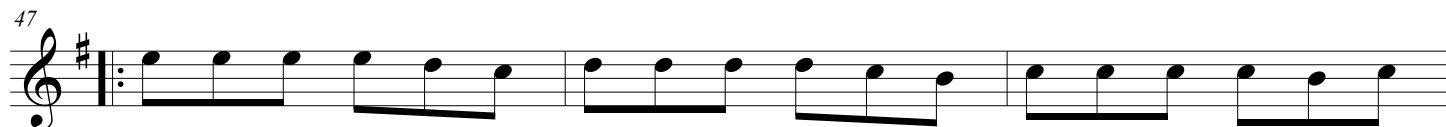
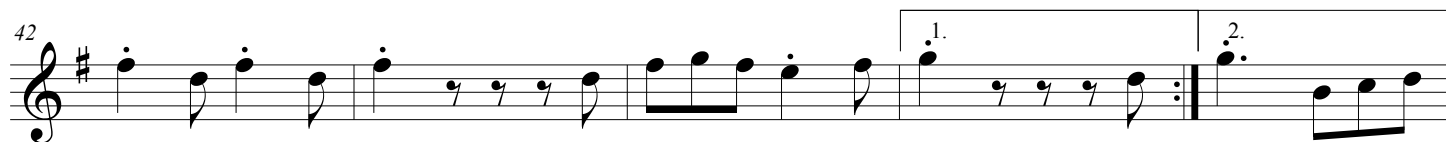
33

1.

2.

1.

2.



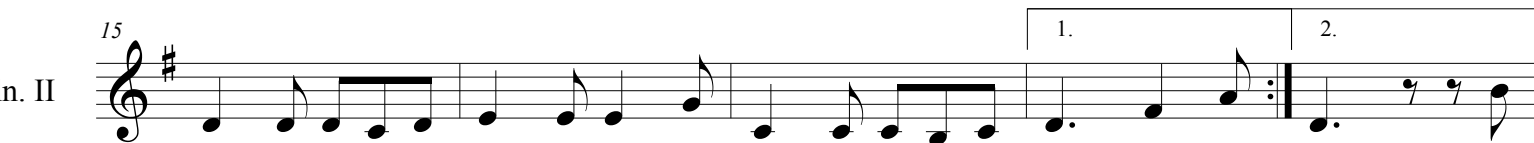
Violin II

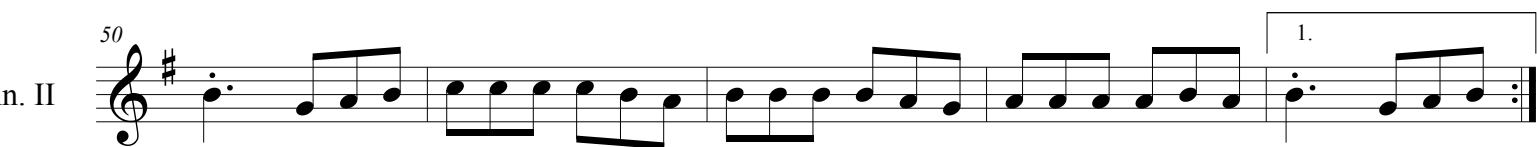
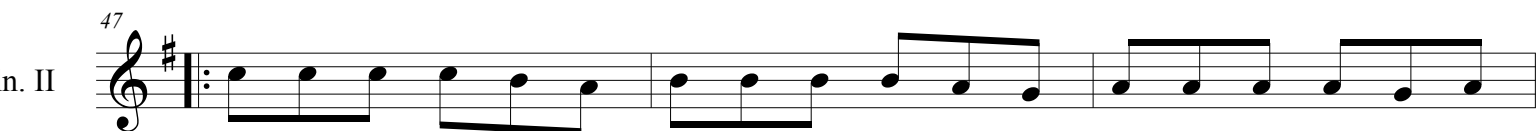
LA RASPA

Jarabe

Traditional

Daniel M. Valdez





Violin III

LA RASPA

Jarabe

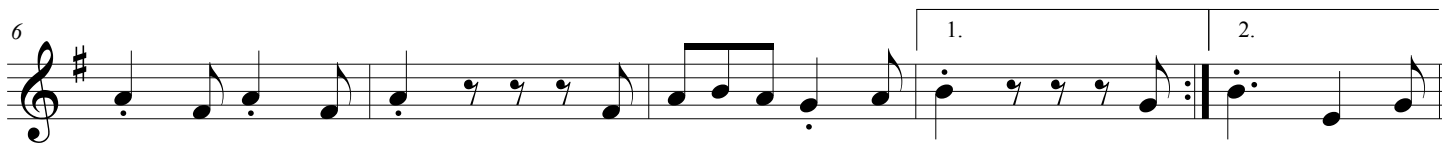
Traditional

Daniel M. Valdez

Violin III



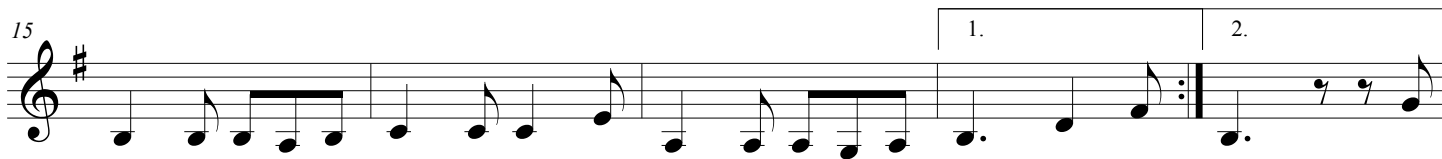
n. III



n. III



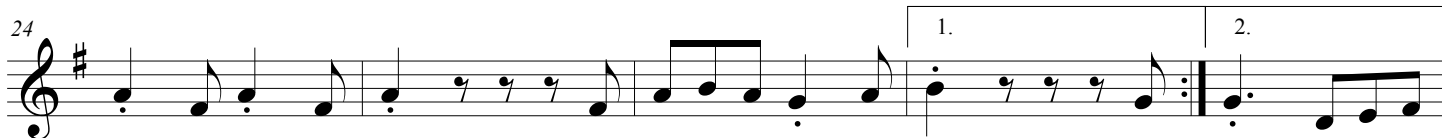
n. III



n. III



n. III

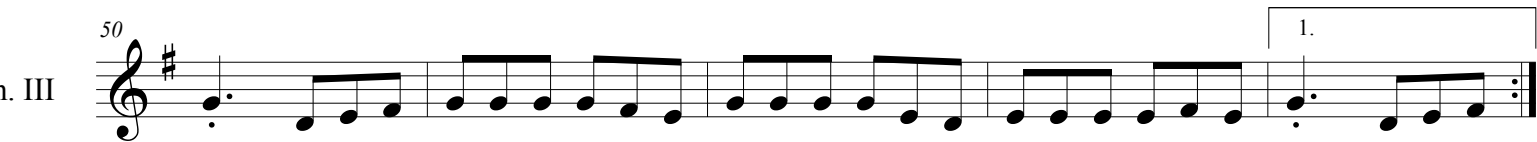
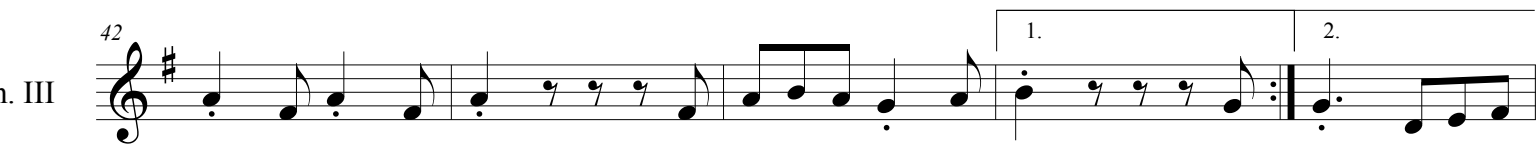


n. III



n. III





Trumpet in B $\flat$ 1

LA RASPA

Jarabe

Traditional
Daniel M. Valdez

6

11

16

20

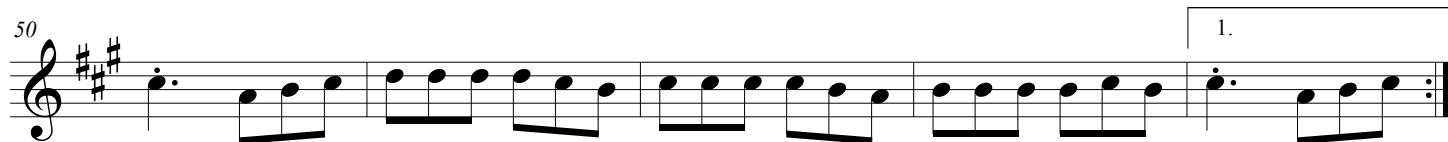
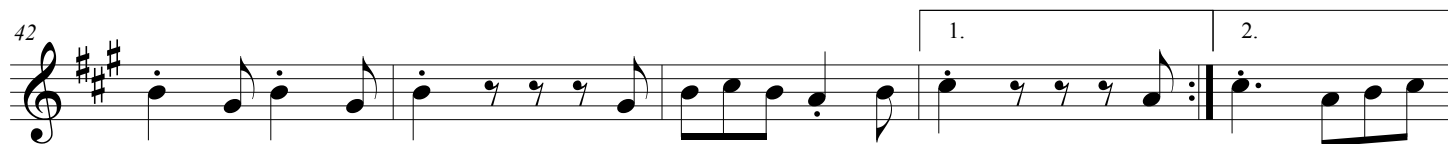
24

29

32

1.

2.



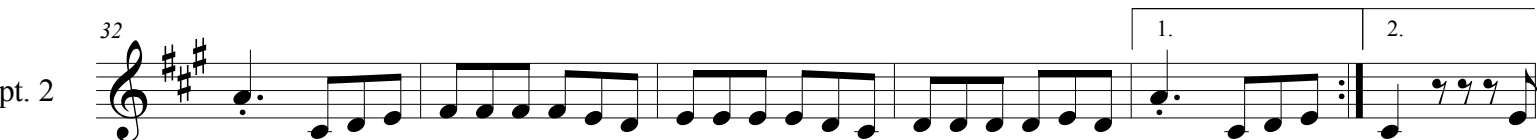
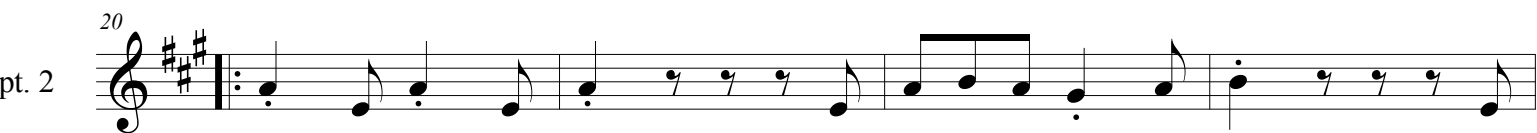
Trumpet in B $\flat$ 2

LA RASPA

Jarabe

Traditional

Daniel M. Valdez



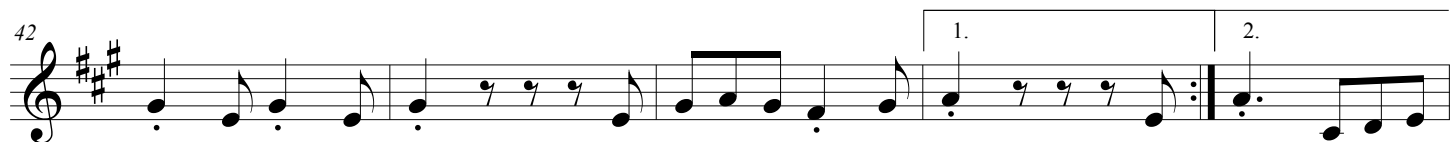
pt. 2

38



pt. 2

42



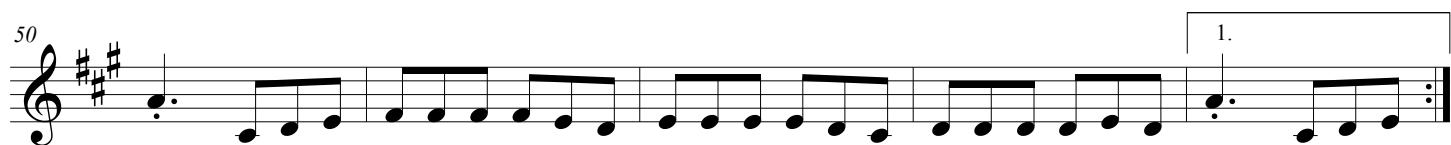
pt. 2

47



pt. 2

50



pt. 2

55



LA RASPA

Armonia

Jarabe

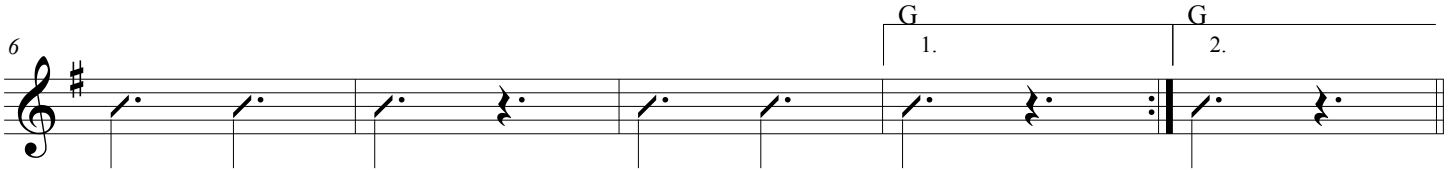
Traditional

Daniel M. Valdez
D7

G



6

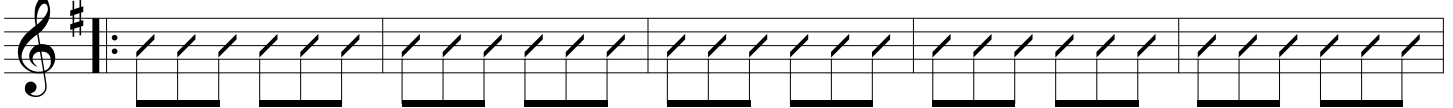


G

D7

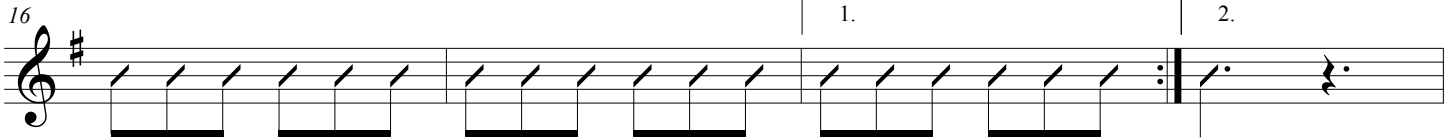
G

11



D7

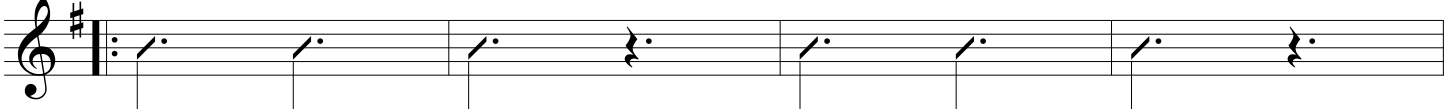
16



G

D7

20



24



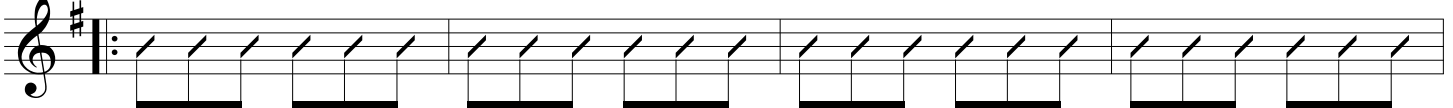
C

G

D7

G

29



C

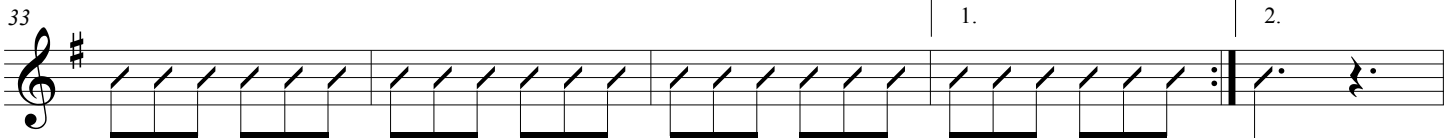
G

D7

G

G

33



38

G D7

42

G 1. G 2.

47

C G D7 G

51

C G D7 G 1.

55

G 2. A A

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a piece titled 'LA RASPA'. It is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The notation is in treble clef. Measures 38-41 show a sequence of eighth notes: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, C5, B4, A4. Measure 42 has a first ending (G4, A4, B4, C5) and a second ending (G4, A4, B4, C5). Measures 43-46 feature a continuous eighth-note pattern: G4, A4, B4, C5, D5, C5, B4, A4. Measures 47-50 continue this pattern. Measure 51 has a first ending (G4, A4, B4, C5) and a second ending (G4, A4, B4, C5). Measure 52 has a double sharp (C#) and a fermata over a note. Measures 53-55 continue the eighth-note pattern.

Guitarron

LA RASPA

Jarabe

Traditional
Daniel M. Valdez

Guitarron

6

Gtrr.

11

Gtrr.

16

Gtrr.

20

Gtrr.

24

Gtrr.

29

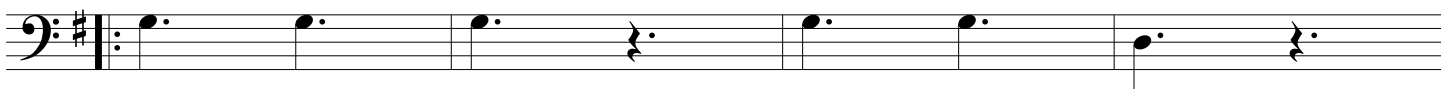
Gtrr.

33

Gtrr.

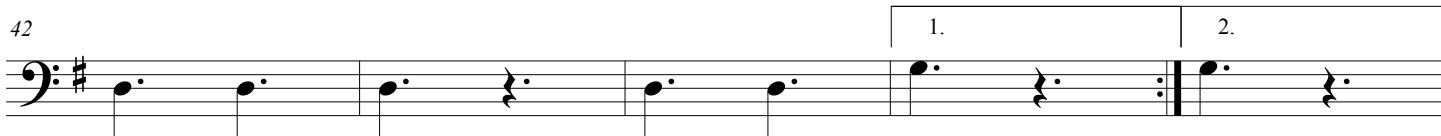
38

Gtrr.



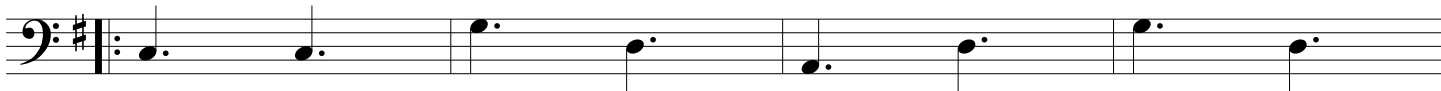
42

Gtrr.



47

Gtrr.



51

Gtrr.



55

Gtrr.



LEAVE BLANK

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 evenly spaced horizontal grey lines across the entire width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting or typing. The background is a clean, solid white color.

Las Mananitas Tapatias

Score

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

Score for **Las Mananitas Tapatias**, Key of La, 3/4 time, tempo 130. The score includes parts for Violin 1, Violin 2, Violin 3, Trumpet 1, Trumpet 2, Voice, Armonia, and Guitarron.

The score is divided into two systems. The first system covers measures 1 through 12. The second system covers measures 13 through 20, including vocal entries and instrumental accompaniment.

Measure 13: The vocal parts enter with the lyrics: "Que lin - da/es - ta la ma - na - na , en que ven - go/a". The instrumental parts provide accompaniment.

Measure 14: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "Qui - ser a/en que tu na - cis te - na - cie - ron A to - ser - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

Measure 15: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "la - ron cua - tro pa - lo - mas por to - di - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

Measure 16: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "A di - A/en que tu na - cis te - na - cie - ron A to - ser - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

Measure 17: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "A di - A/en que tu na - cis te - na - cie - ron A to - ser - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

Measure 18: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "A di - A/en que tu na - cis te - na - cie - ron A to - ser - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

Measure 19: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "A di - A/en que tu na - cis te - na - cie - ron A to - ser - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

Measure 20: The vocal parts continue with the lyrics: "A di - A/en que tu na - cis te - na - cie - ron A to - ser - tas". The instrumental parts continue with accompaniment.

25

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

TP 1

TP 2

arm.

Gtrr.

B

B

B

B

sa - lu - dar - te - .
- das las flo - res - .
un san pe - dro - .
las cru - da - des

E7

E7

Ve - ni - mos to - dos con gus - to - , y pla - cer a fe - li - ci - tar - te -
En Y - la E7 pi - la de bau - ti zo - , can - ta - ron E7 los ruie - se - no - res -
Hoy por ser - dia de su san - to - , te de - ca - mos fe - li - ci - da - des -

B

37

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vln. 3

TP 1

TP 2

arm.

Gtrr.

1.

2.

C

1.

2.

C

1.

2.

C

1.

2.

C

El A

1.

2.

C

Ya Con E7

1.

2.

C

ie - ne/a - man - e - cen do - , ya la luz del di - a nos doy - , le - van -
- min - es y flo res - , es - te D a voy a do - nar D - , hoy por

[illegible][illegible]

Las Mananitas Tapatias

Violin 1

Key of La

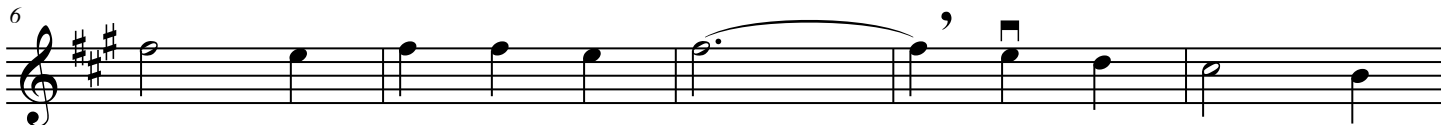
Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

♩ = 130



Violin 1

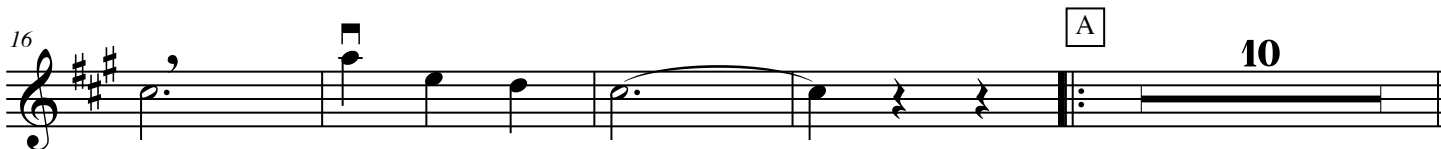
ln. 1



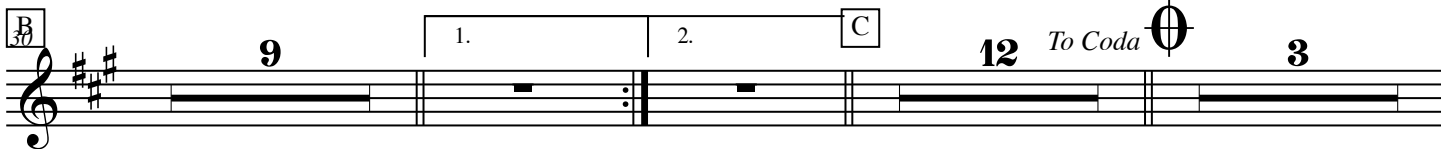
ln. 1



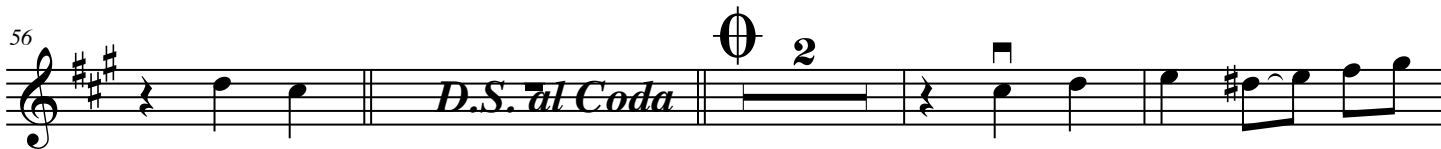
ln. 1



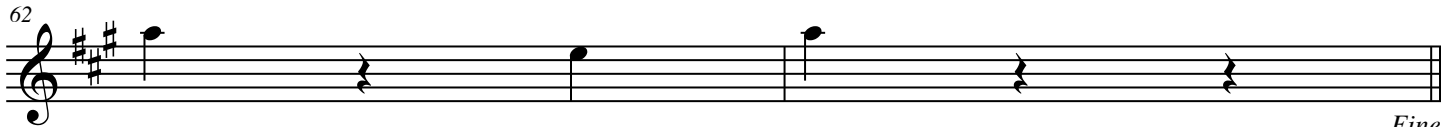
ln. 1



ln. 1



ln. 1



Las Mananitas Tapatias

Violin 2

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

$\text{♩} = 130$



Violin 2

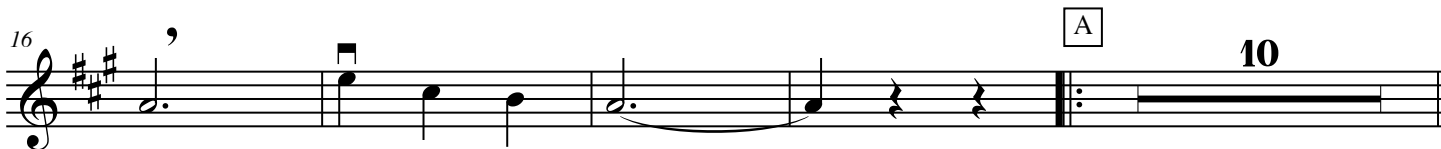
ln. 2



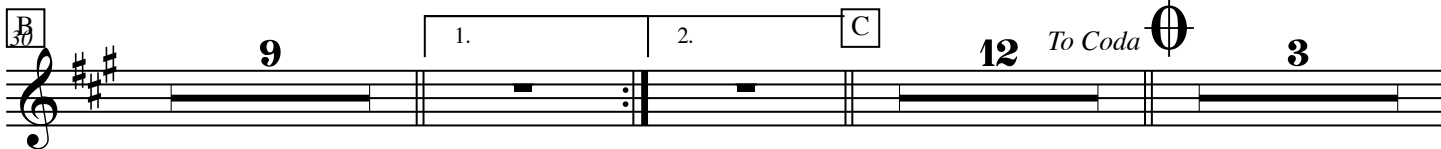
ln. 2



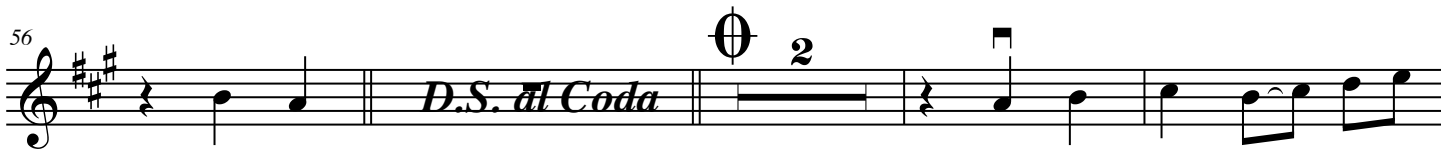
ln. 2



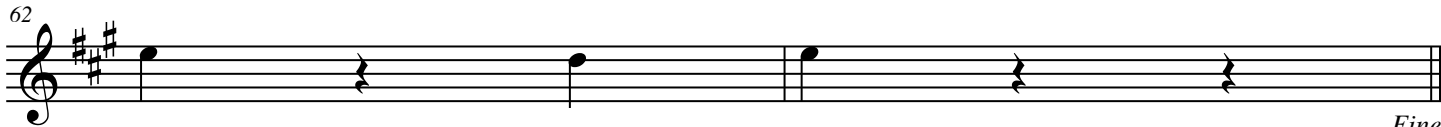
ln. 2



ln. 2



ln. 2



Fine

Las Mananitas Tapatias

Violin 3

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

$\text{♩} = 130$



Violin 3

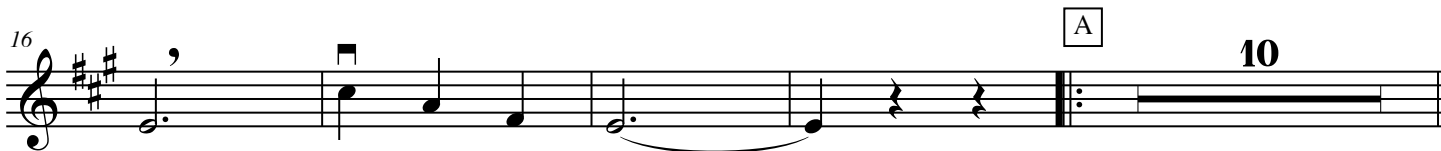
ln. 3



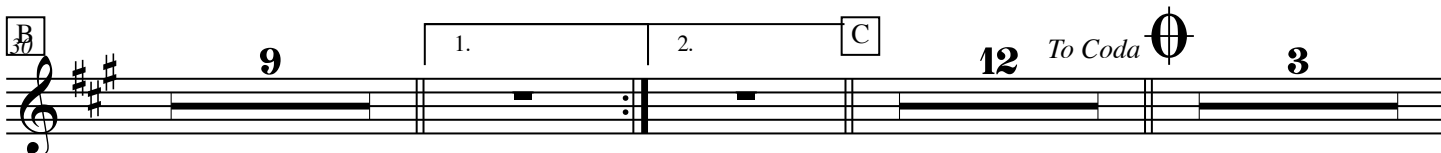
ln. 3



ln. 3



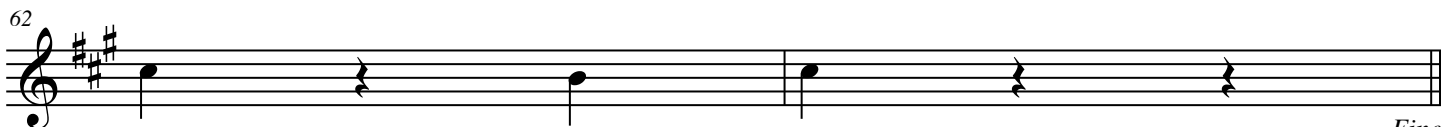
ln. 3



ln. 3



ln. 3



Fine

Las Mananitas Tapatias

Trumpet 1

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

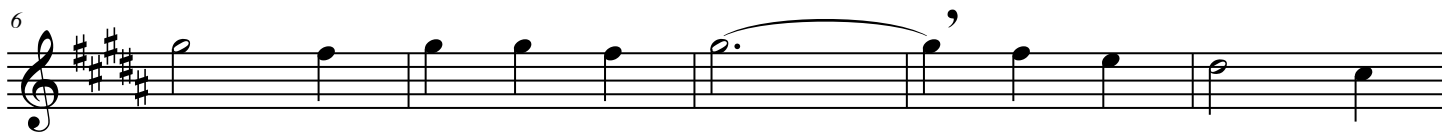
♩ = 130



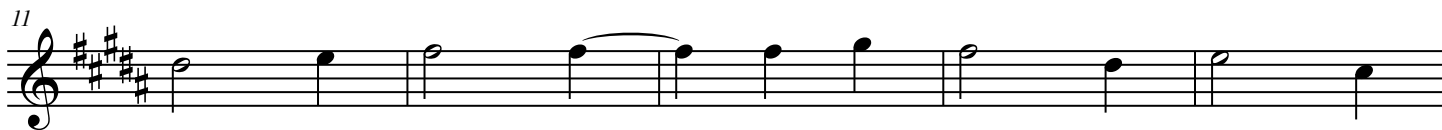
Trumpet 1



TP 1



TP 1



TP 1



TP 1



TP 1



TP 1



TP 1



TP 1



Las Mananitas Tapatias

Trumpet 2

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

♩ = 130

Trumpet 2

6

11

16

27

36

41

52

57

To Coda

D.S. at Coda

Fine

LEAVE BLANK

Back of Las Mañanitas, Trumpet 2

Las Mananitas Tapatias

Armonia

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

♩ = 130

Armonia

6

arm.

11

arm.

16

arm.

21

arm.

26

arm.

31

arm.

36

arm.

41

arm.

46

arm.

E7

E7

D

D

A

A

E7

A

A

A

A

E7

E7

E7

E7

A

A

1.

2. A

E7

E7

D

D

A

arm. 2 51 Las Mananitas Tapatias To Coda E7 E7 A

arm. 56 E7 A D.S. al Coda

arm. 61 A E7 A Fine

Las Mananitas Tapatias

Guitarron

Key of La

Traditional
Arr. Adam Romo

♩ = 130

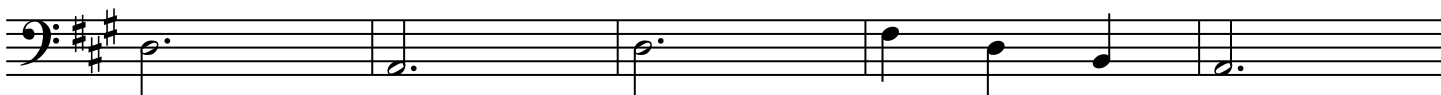


Guitarron



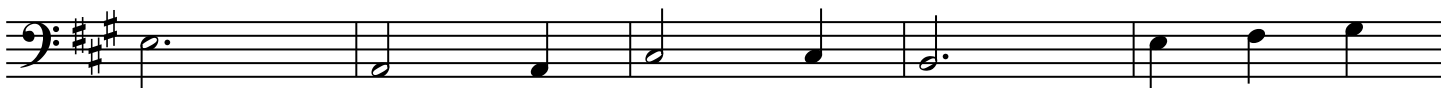
6

Gtrr.



11

Gtrr.



16

Gtrr.



21

Gtrr.



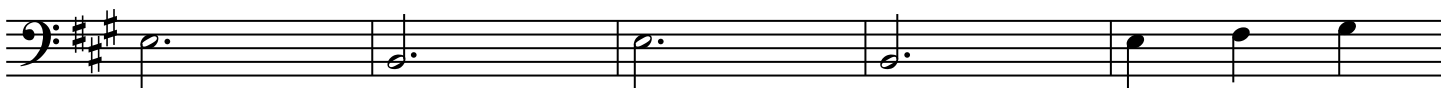
26

Gtrr.



31

Gtrr.



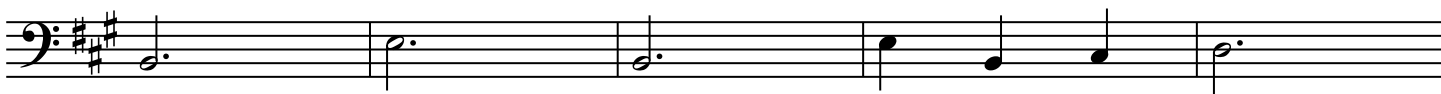
36

Gtrr.



41

Gtrr.



46

Gtrr.



2
51

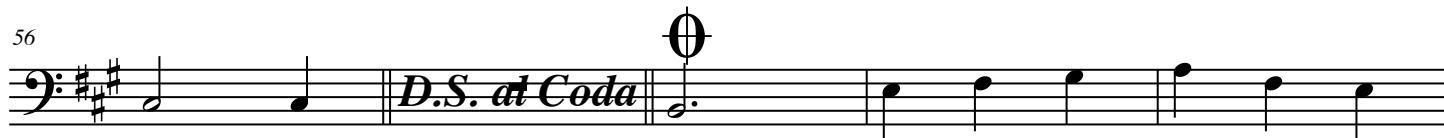
Las Mañanitas Tapatias
To Coda

Gtrr.



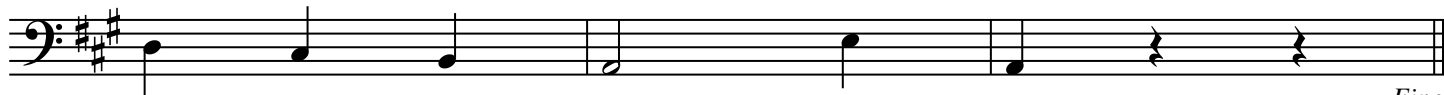
56

Gtrr.



61

Gtrr.



Fine

Las Mañanitas (Serenata)

Que linda está la mañana en que vengo a saludarte (le)
Venimos todos con gusto y placer a felicitarte (le).

El día en que tu naciste (usted nació) nacieron todas las flores
En la pila del bautizo, cantaron los ruseñores.

Ya viene amaneciendo, ya la luz del día nos dió
Levántate (levántase) de mañana, mira que ya amaneció.

Quisiera ser un San Juan, quisiera ser un San Pedro
Y darte (le) los buenos días con la música del cielo.

Volaron cuatro palomas por toditas las ciudades
Hoy por ser día de tu (su) santo, te (le) deseamos felicidades.

Con jazmines y flores éste día voy a adornar
Hoy por ser día de tu (su) santo, te (le) venimos a cantar.

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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Score

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

[illegible]

[illegible]

Los Machetes

Violin 1

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

Violin 1

6

11

16

22

29

35

41

53

58

tacet 2x

tutti

2

2

3x To Coda

2

2

2, 4. (play repeats)

D.S. al Coda

2

5.

6.

7

accel.

Fine

Los Machetes

Violin 2

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

Violin 2

tacet 2x

tutti

2

3x To Coda

2, 4. (play repeats)

D.S. al Coda

5.

6.

7

accel.

Fine

Los Machetes

Violin 3

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

Violin 3

6

11

16

22

29

35

41

53

58

tacet 2x

tutti

2

3x To Coda

2

2

1, 3.

2, 4. (play repeats)

D.S. al Coda

2

5.

6.

7

accel.

Fine

Los Machetes

Trumpet 1

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

Trumpet 1

6

TP 1

11

TP 1

24

TP 1

31

TP 1

36

TP 1

42

TP 1

47

TP 1

52

TP 1

57

TP 1

Fine

LEAVE BLANK

Los Machetes

Trumpet 2

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

Trumpet 2

6

11

24

31

36

42

47

52

57

8

2

2

2

1, 3.

2, 4. (play repeats)

D.S. al Coda

5.

6.

accl.

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2
62 Los Machetes

TP 2

This musical staff for TP 2 contains measures 62 and 63. Measure 62 begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a common time signature. The first note is a half note G4. Measure 63 contains a single half note G4. The staff ends with a double bar line.

63

TP 2

This musical staff for TP 2 contains measures 63 and 64. Measure 63 begins with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#), and a common time signature. The first note is a half note G4. Measure 64 contains a single half note G4. The staff ends with a double bar line.

Fine

Los Machetes

Armonia

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo

Armonia

6

11

16

21

26

31

36

41

D7 D7 G D7

G D7 G D7 G

D7 G D7 G D7

G D7 G G C

D7 G G C D7

G 3x To Coda C G7 C

C G7 C 1,3. C 2,4. (play repeats)

D.S. al Coda C G7 C

C G7 C 5. C 6.

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Los Machetes

2

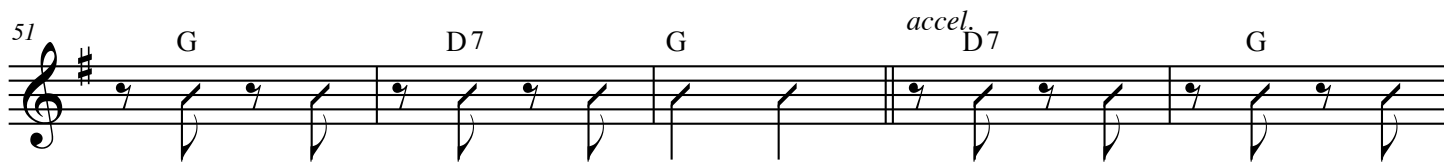
46

arm.



51

arm.



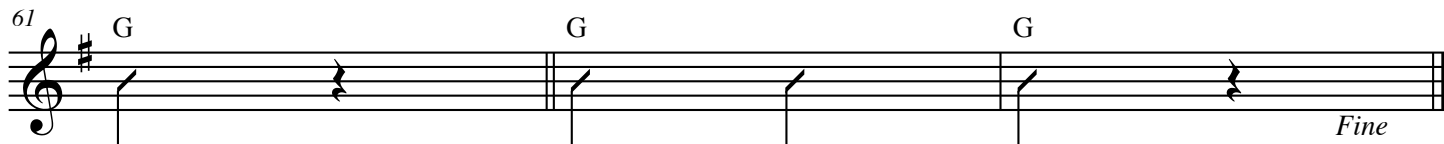
56

arm.



61

arm.



Los Machetes

Guitarron

Polka

Mariachi Vargas
Trans. Adam Romo



Guitarron

6

Gtrr.

11

Gtrr.

16

Gtrr.

21

Gtrr.

26

3x To Coda

31

Gtrr.

36

Gtrr.

41

Gtrr.

1, 3.

2, 4. (play repeats)

5.

6.

2
46

Los Machetes

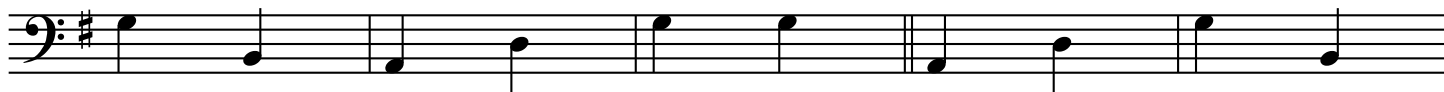
Gtrr.



51

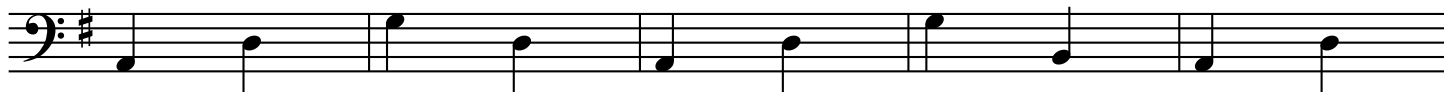
accel.

Gtrr.



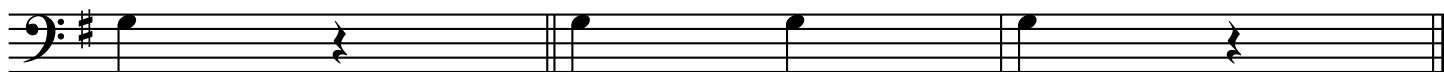
56

Gtrr.



61

Gtrr.



Fine

LEAVE BLANK

Back of Los Machetes, Guitarron

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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POLKITAS

Polka

Felipe Diaz Jr.

♩ = 100 - 120

A

Sheet music for the first system (Measures 1-18) of the Polka. The score includes parts for Trompeta 1, Trompeta 2, Violin 1, Violin 2, Armonia, and Guitarron. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4. The music features a repeating melodic line in the brass and strings, with a steady bass line in the guitar. The section is marked with a box 'A' at the beginning of the second measure.

B

Sheet music for the second system (Measures 19-36) of the Polka. The score includes parts for Tpt. 1, Tpt. 2, Vln. 1, Vln. 2, Arm., and Gtrn. The key signature is two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 2/4. The music continues the melodic line from the first system, with the brass and strings playing in unison. The section is marked with a box 'B' at the beginning of the first measure. Performance markings include 'pizz.' (pizzicato) and 'arco' (arco) for the violins.

Polkitas

36 C

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Arm. G D A7 D G D A7 D

Gtrn.

52 C

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Arm. A7 D A7 D A7 D A7 D

Gtrn.

Fine

Violin 1

POLKITAS

Polka $\text{♩} = 100 - 120$

Felipe Diaz Jr.

10

19 **B** pizz.

27 arco

36 **C**

45

52

61 *Fine*

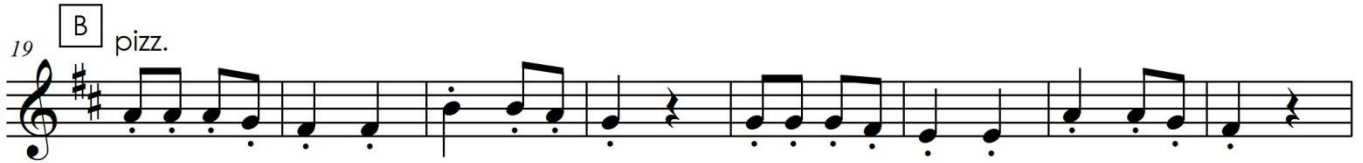
Violin 2

POLKITAS

Polka

♩ = 100 - 120

Felipe Diaz Jr.



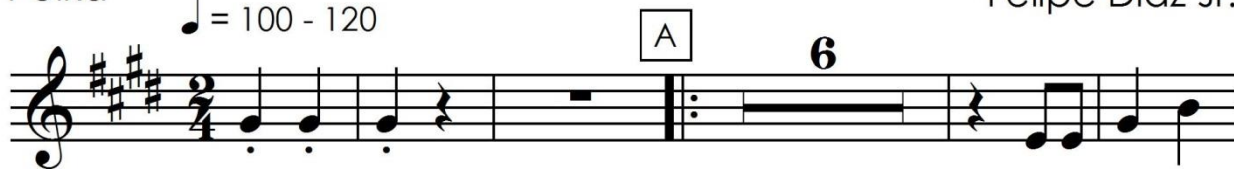
Trompeta 1

POLKITAS

Polka

♩ = 100 - 120

Felipe Diaz Jr.



Trompeta 2

POLKITAS

Polka

♩ = 100 - 120

Felipe Diaz Jr.

12

19

31

36

46

52

63

A

6

B

8

C

6

6

Fine

Polka

♩ = 100 - 120

Felipe Diaz Jr.

Armonia

POLKITAS

Polka

♩ = 100 - 120

Felipe Diaz Jr.

10

19

28

36

44

52

60

Fine

Guitarron

POLKITAS

Polka

Felipe Diaz Jr.

$\text{♩} = 100 - 120$

A



10



19

B



28



36

C



45



52

⊕



61

Fine



PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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[illegible]

Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional

Violin A

Violin B

Violin C

Trompeta A

Trompeta B

Voz

Armonia

Guitarrón

The musical score is arranged in a system with seven staves. The top three staves are for Violins A, B, and C, all in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). Violins A and B play identical parts, while Violin C plays a lower line. The next two staves are for Trombones A and B, both in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a common time signature (C). The Voice staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The Armonia staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C), featuring a series of slurs. The Guitarrón staff is in bass clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C), featuring a series of slurs. The score is divided into four measures by vertical bar lines. The first measure is marked with a repeat sign. The second and third measures are marked with a 'G' above the staff. The fourth measure is marked with a 'G' above the staff. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

5

Vln. A

5

Vln. B

5

Vln. C

5

Tpt. A

5

Tpt. B

5

Voz

5

Arm.

G

D7

5

Gtn.

5

9 **A**

Vln. A

9 **A**

Vln. B

9 **A**

Vln. C

9 **A**

Tpt. A

9 **A**

Tpt. B

9 **A**

Voz

9 **A** **D7** **D7**

Arm.

9 **A**

Gtn.

13

Vln. A

13

Vln. B

13

Vln. C

13

Tpt. A

13

Tpt. B

13

Voz

13

Arm.

13

Gtn.

D7 G Em Am D7

17 **B**

Vln. A

17 **B**

Vln. B

17 **B**

Vln. C

17 **B**

Tpt. A

17 **B**

Tpt. B

17 **B**

Voz

17 **B** **G** **G**

Arm.

17 **B**

Gtn.

21

Vln. A

21

Vln. B

21

Vln. C

21

Tpt. A

21

Tpt. B

21

Voz

21

Arm.

21

Gtn.

G Dm7 G7 C

25 **C**

Vln. A

25 **C**

Vln. B

25 **C**

Vln. C

25 **C**

Tpt. A

25 **C**

Tpt. B

25 **C**

Voz

25 **C**
Cm

Arm.

25 **C**

Gtn.

G

[illegible]

33 2 V

Vln. A

33 2 V

Vln. B

33 2 V

Vln. C

33 2

Tpt. A

33 2

Tpt. B

33 2

Voz

33 2 D7 G

Arm.

33 2

Gtn.

37

Vln. A

37

Vln. B

37

Vln. C

37

Tpt. A

37

Tpt. B

37

Voz

37

Arm.

GM7

37

Gtn.

Spanish Eyes

Traditional

Violin A

Vln. A

Vln. A

Vln. A

Vln. A

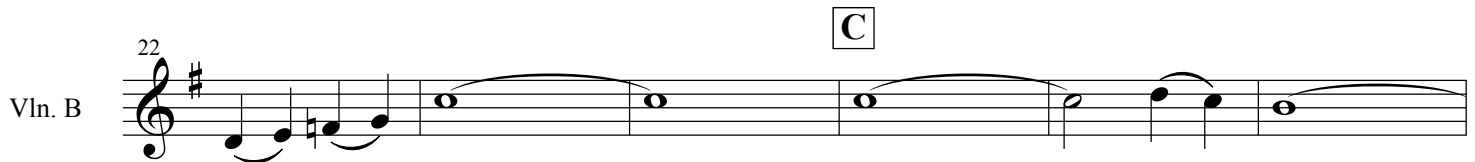
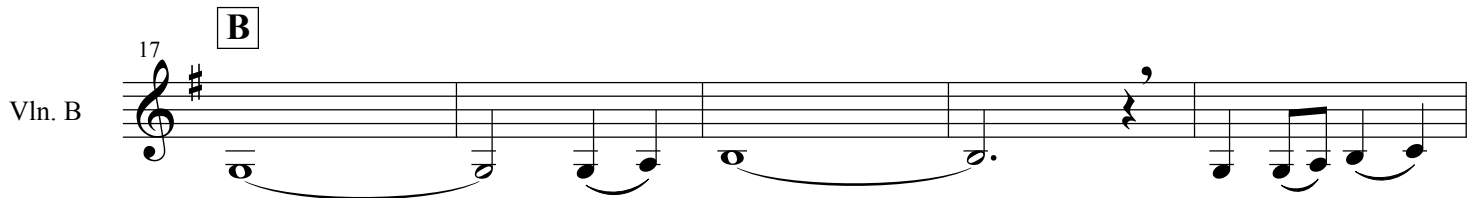
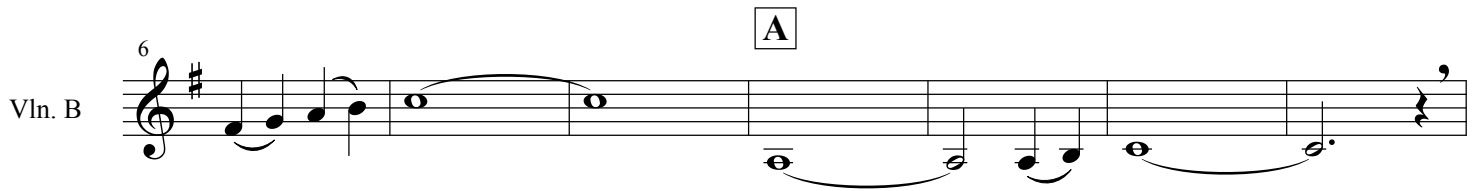
Vln. A

Vln. A

Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional



Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional

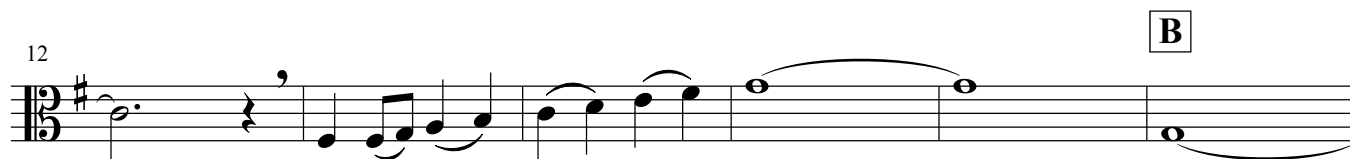
Violin C



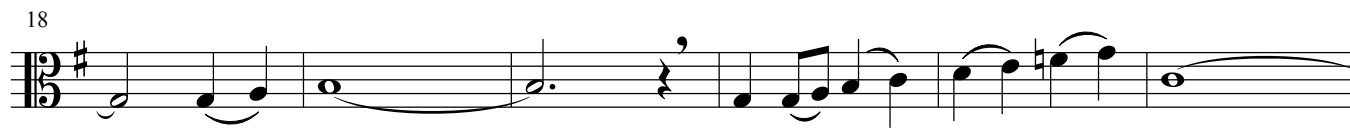
Vln. C



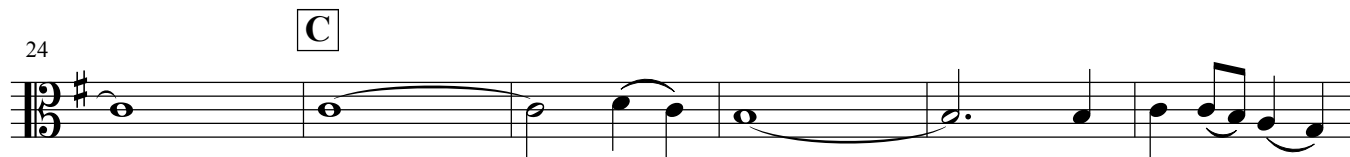
Vln. C



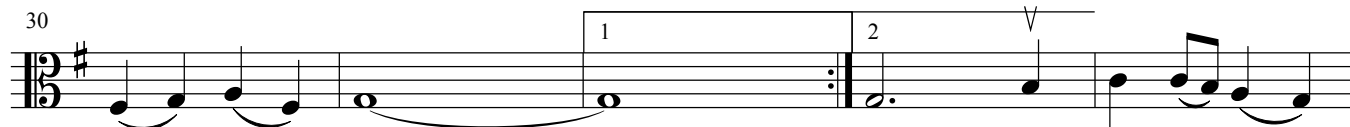
Vln. C



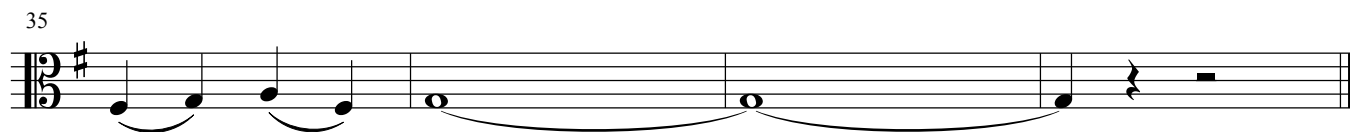
Vln. C



Vln. C



Vln. C



Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional

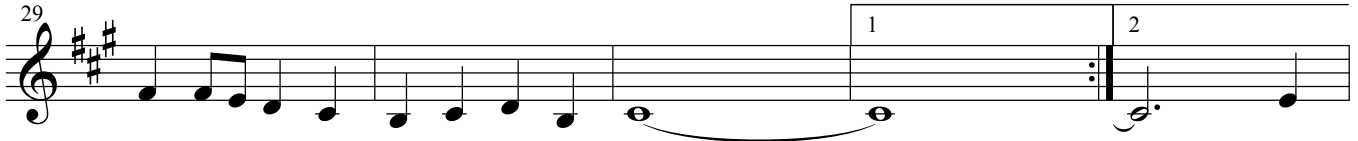
Trompeta A



Tpt. A



Tpt. A



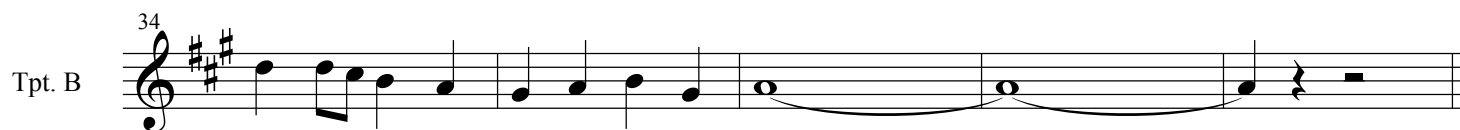
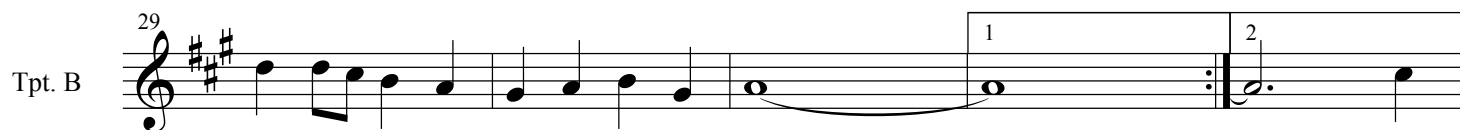
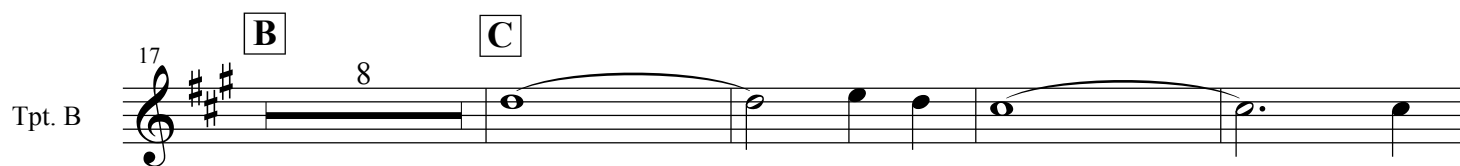
Tpt. A



Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional



Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional

Armonia

5 G D7 A D7

10 D7 D7

15 G Em Am D7 B G

20 G Dm7 G7 C

25 C G D7

30 G G 2 D7

35 G GM7

The musical score is written for guitar and armistice. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (C). The score is divided into measures, with some measures containing a repeat sign. The guitar part is indicated by a 'G' and the armistice part by 'Arm.'. The score includes various chords and melodic lines, with some measures marked with a '2' indicating a second ending. The score ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Ojos Españoles

Spanish Eyes

Bolero
Traditional

Guitarrón



Ojos Españoles
Spanish Eyes

Blue Spanish eyes,
Teardrops are falling from your Spanish eyes.
Please, please don't cry.
This is just adios and not good-bye.

Soon I'll return,
Bringing you all the love your heart can hold.
Please say, "si, si."
Say you and your Spanish eyes will wait for me.

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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Tres Días

Tomás Méndez

Violín 1

Violín 2

Trompeta 1

Trompeta 2

Armonia

Guitarrón

Voz

7

1

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtron.

Voz

Tres días sin ver - te mu - jer, tres días llo - ran - do tu a -

Tres Días

2

14

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtrón.

Voz

mor, tres días que mi - ro el a - ma - ne - cer.

21

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtrón.

Voz

No - más tres días yo te a - mé y en tu mi - rar me per - dí y ha -

28

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtron.

Voz

ce tre días que no se de tí.

35

2

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtron.

Voz

¿Don - de, don - de es - tás? ¿Con quién me en - ga - - - ñas?

G D7 D7 G G G G D7 D7

Tres Días

4

41

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm. D7 D7 D7 D7 D7 D7

Gtron.

Voz

¿Don - de, don - de es - tás? ¿Qué es - tás ha -

47

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm. G G G G G G G

Gtron.

Voz

cien - - do? Tres días que no sé

54

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtron.

Voz

qué es a - li - men - to, so - lo llo - ran - do

G7 C C C C G

60

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm.

Gtron.

Voz

me he po - di - do con - so - lar. Ay, ay, ay, ay,

G D7 D7 G G

65 3

Vln. 1 AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY

Vln. 2 AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY

Tpta. 1 AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY

Tpta. 2 AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY

Arm. D7 D7 G G

Gtron.

Voz ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay,

69

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm. D7 D7 G G D7

Gtron.

Voz ay tu_a - mor me va_a ma - tar. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay.

74

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm. D7 G G7 C D7

Gtron.

Voz

Yo qué voy a ha - cer si me nie - gas al - ma mía tu que -

79

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Tpta. 1

Tpta. 2

Arm. G G D7 D7 G G7 C

Gtron.

Voz

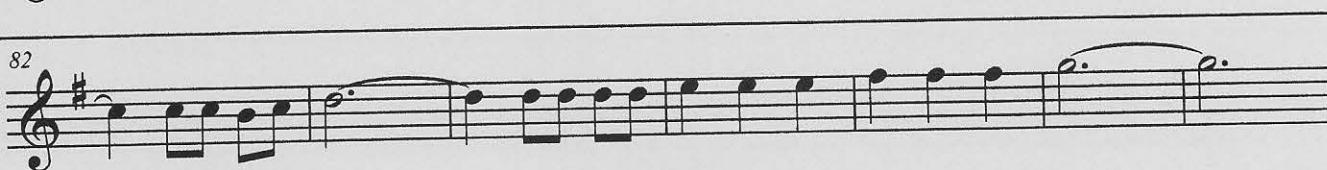
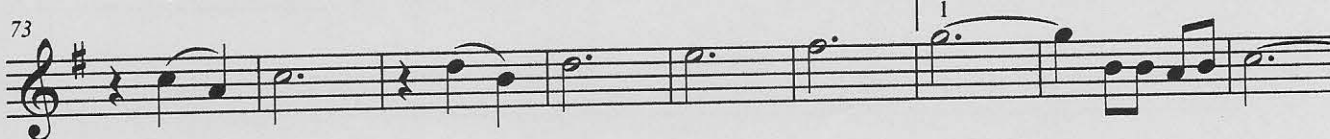
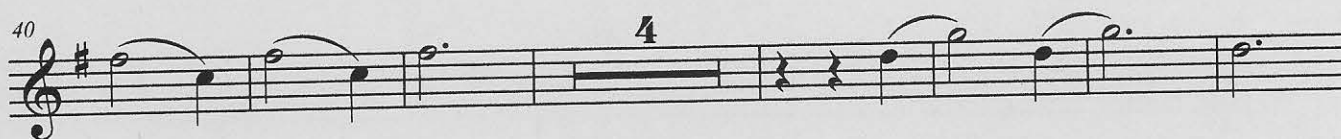
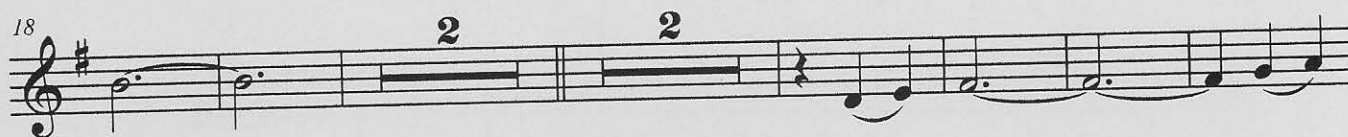
rer.

rer.

Violín 1

Tres Días

Tomás Méndez



Violín 2

Tres Días

Tomás Méndez

8 1 2

18 2 2

28 2 5

40 4

51 7

65 3 4

AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY AY

73 1

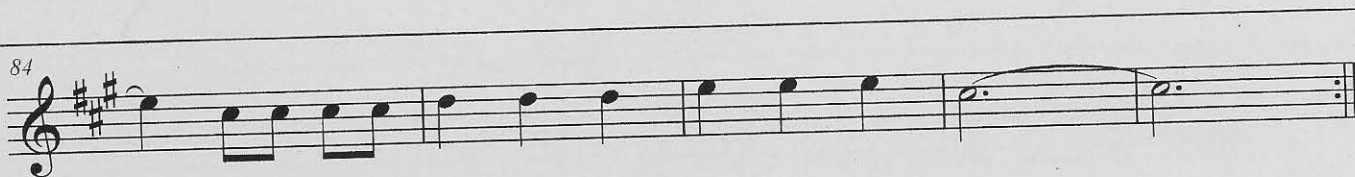
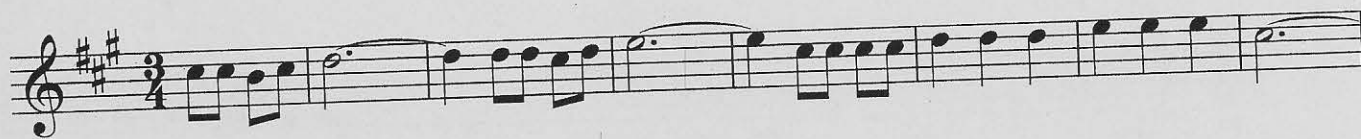
82

89 2

Trompeta 1

Tres Días

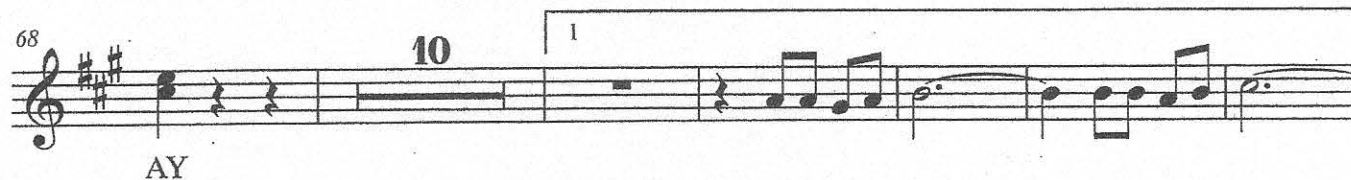
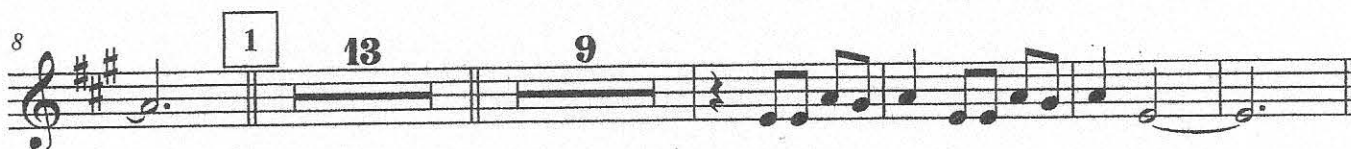
Tomás Méndez



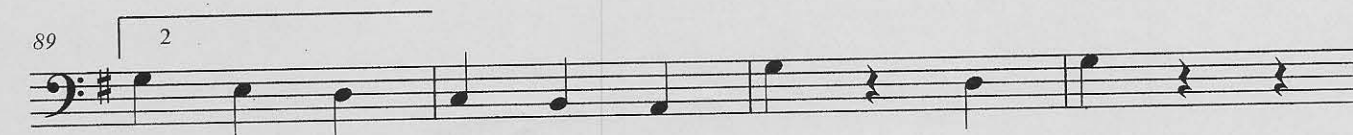
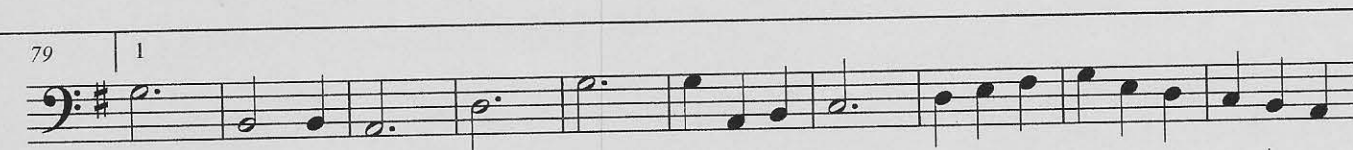
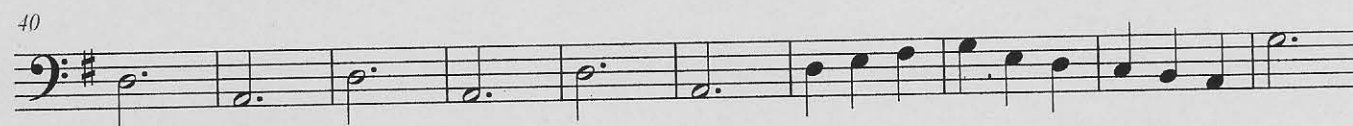
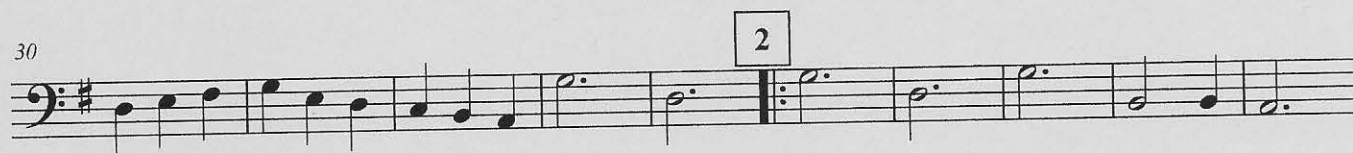
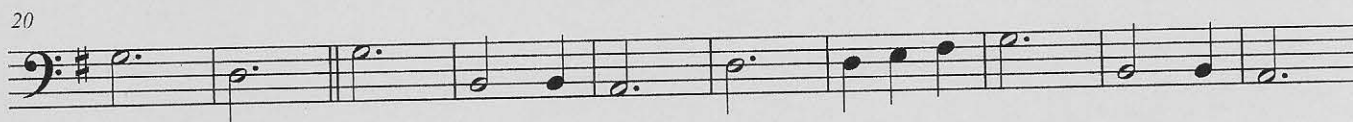
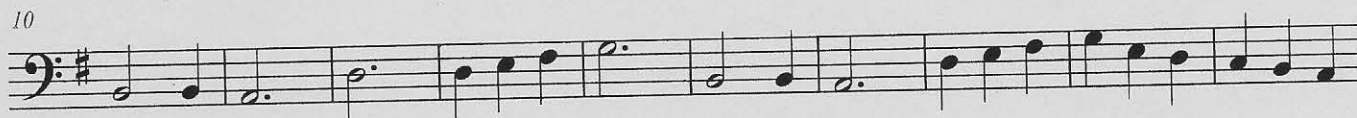
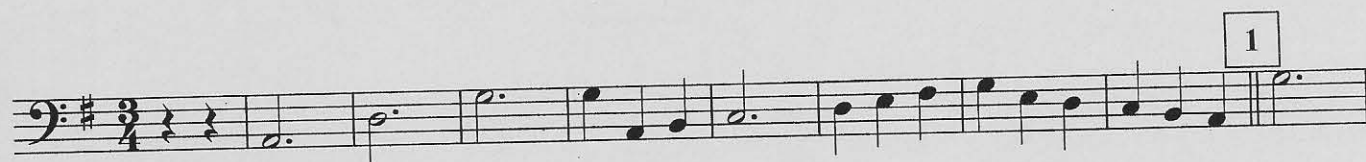
Trompeta 2

Tres Días

Tomás Méndez



Tres Días



7 1

Tres días sin ver-te mu - jer, tres días llo -

13 ran-do tu_a - mor, tres días que mi-ro_el a - ma - ne - cer.

21 No - más tres días te_a - mé y en tu mi - rar me per - dí y ha -

28 ce tre días que no se de tí. 2 ¿Don-de,

36 don-de_es - tás? ¿Con quién me en - ga - ñas?

43 ¿Don-de, don-de_es - tás? ¿Qué_es-tás ha - cien - do?

50 Tres días que no sé qué_es a-li - men-to,

58 so - lo to - man - do me he po - di - do con - so - lar. Ay, ay, ay, ay,

65 3 ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay. Ay, ay, ay, ay,

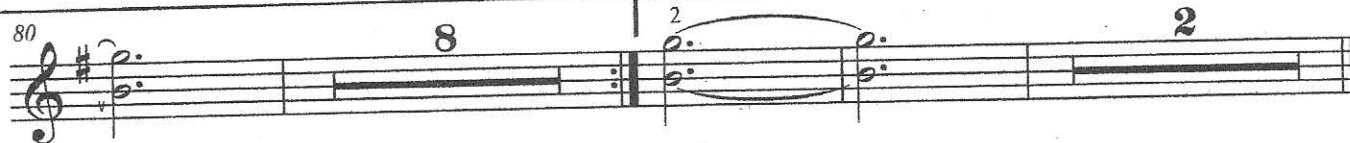
69 ay tu_a - mor me va_a ma - tar. Ay, ay, ay, ay, ay.

Tres Días

2
74



80



PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	_____ How many beats per measure? _____ _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Violin B$\flat$ Trumpet Vihuela/ Guitar Guitarrón
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature. _____ _____ _____ _____
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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This image shows a full page of blank, lined paper. It features approximately 20 horizontal grey lines spaced evenly apart, typical of notebook paper. The lines extend across the entire width of the page, leaving small margins at the top and bottom. There are no vertical lines or other markings present.

“Volver Volver”

Arr.: Jose Hernandez

Fernando Z. Maldonado

♩ = 84

Ranchera

Trumpet 1

Trumpet 2

Voice

Violín 1

Violín 2

♩ = 84

Armonía

Guitarrón

G⁷ C C

5

A

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Voice

Es te a-mor a-pa-cio - na-dó an-da to-dó al-bo-ro - ta - dó por vol - ver

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

C A C C G⁷

Víh.

Guitn.

9

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Voice

voy ca - mí - no a la lo - cu - ra y aun - que to - do me tor - tu - ra se per - der

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Viñ.

Guítn.

G⁷ G⁷ G⁷ C

13

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Voice

nos de - ja - mos ha - ce tiem - po pe - ro se lle - go el mo - men - to de per - der

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Viñ.

Guítn.

C C C C⁷ F

17

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Voice

tu te-nías mu-cha ra-zon le ha-go ca-so al co-ra-zon y me mue-ro por vol-

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

F G⁷ C G⁷ G⁷

Víh.

Guítr.

21

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Voice

ver y vol-ver vol-ver vol-ver a tus bra-zos o-tra vez

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

C C G⁷ G⁷ C

Víh.

Guítr.

B a tempo

26

Trpt. 1

Trpt. 2

Voice

lle-ga-ri has-ta don-de es - tes yo se per-der yo se per - der quie-ro vol-ver vol-ver vol - ver

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Viñ.

Guítn.

C G⁷ F Em G⁷ C

30

Trpt. 1

Trpt. 2

Voice

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Viñ.

Guítn.

C G⁷ C

34 *D. S. al Coda*

Tpt. 1

Tpt. 2

Voice

Vln. 1

Vln. 2

Vib.

Guítn.

D. S. al Coda
C G⁷

5

der quie-ro vol-ver vol-ver vol - ver

Em Dm G⁷ C

Violín 1

Fernando Z. Maldonado

$$\bullet = 84$$

Ranchera

34 *D. S. al Coda*



“Volver Volver”

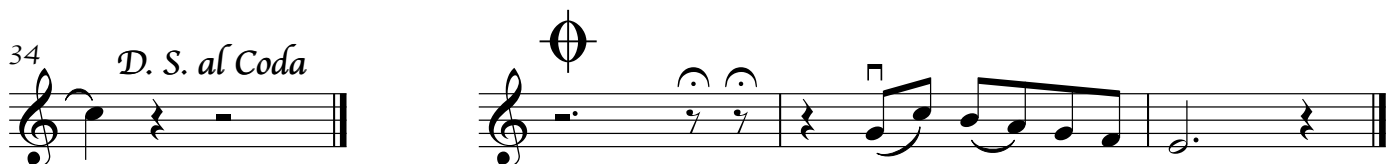
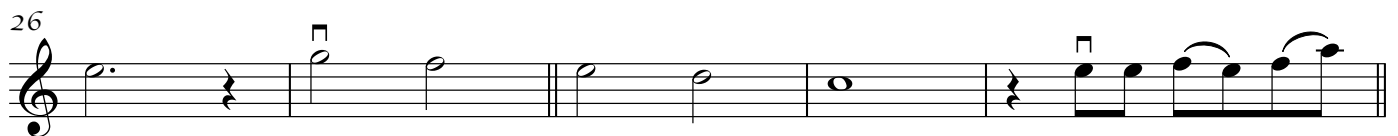
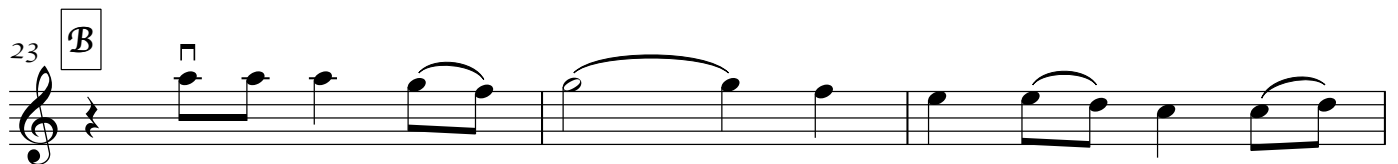
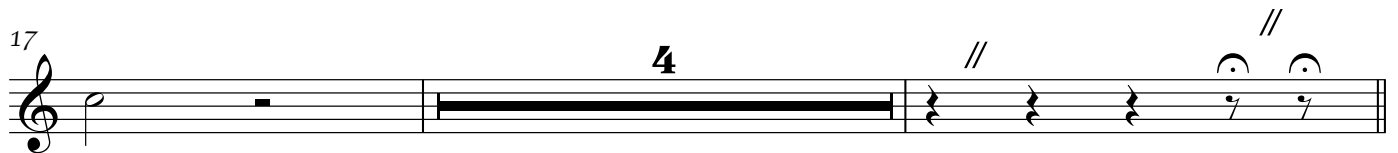
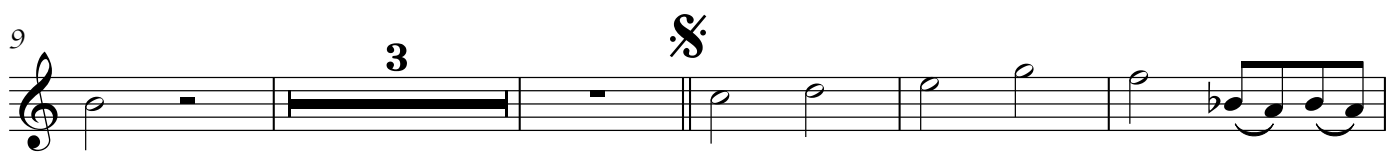
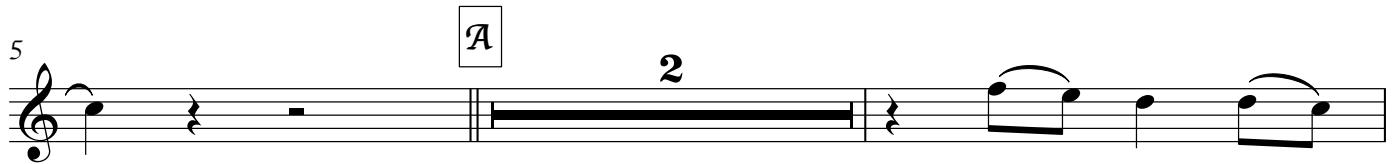
Violín 2

Arr:-Jose Hernández

Fernando Z. Maldonado

♩ = 84

Ranchera



Trumpet 1

Fernando Z. Maldonado

$\bullet = 84$

Ranchera

34 *D. S. al Coda*



Trumpet 2

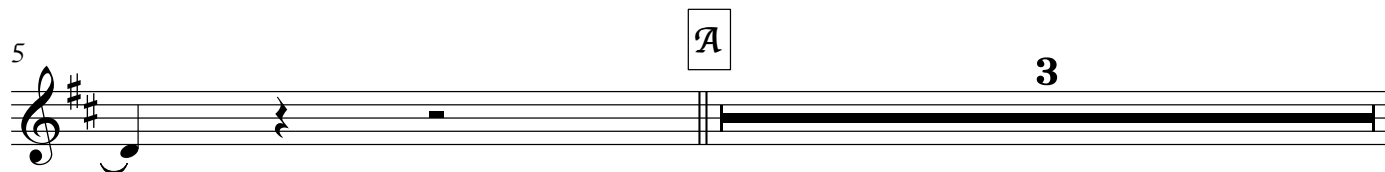
"Volver Volver"

Arr:-Jose Hernández

Fernando Z. Maldonado

♩ = 84

Ranchera



Arr:-Jose Hernandez

[illegible]

Guítarrón

Fernando Z. Maldonado

Ranchera

[illegible]

"Volver Volver"

Arr:-Jose Hernandez

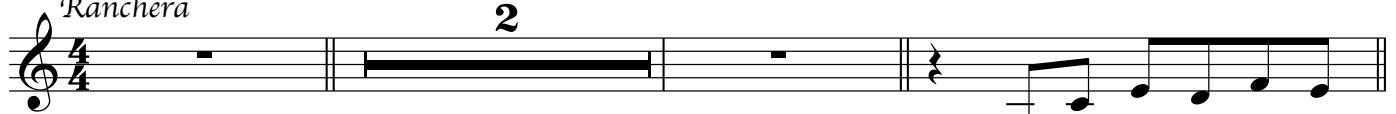
Voice

Fernando Z. Maldonado

♩ = 84

Ranchera

2



Es te a-mor a - pa - cio -

6 **A**



na - do an-da to-do al-bo - ro - ta - do por vol - ver



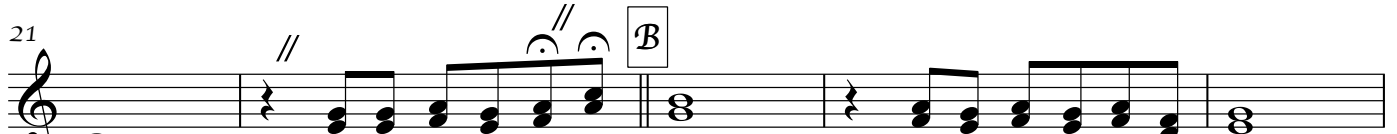
voy ca - mí-no a la lo - cu-ra y aun-que to-do me tor - tu-ra se per - der



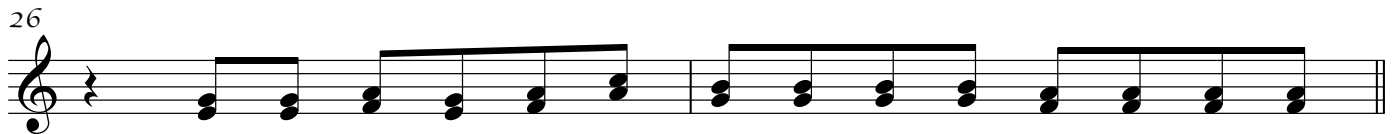
nos de-ja-mos ha-ce tiem-po pe-ro se lle-go el mo-men-to de per - der



tu te-nias mu-cha ra-zon le ha-go ca-so al co-ra-zon y me mue-ro por vol -



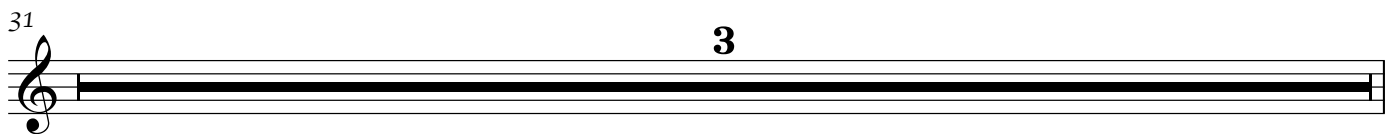
ver y vol-ver vol-ver vol - ver a tus bra-zos o - tra vez

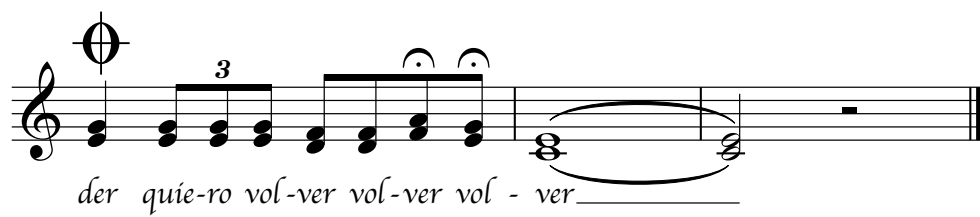


lle - ga - ri has - ta don - de es - tes yo se per - der yo se per -



der quie-ro vol-ver vol - ver vol - ver





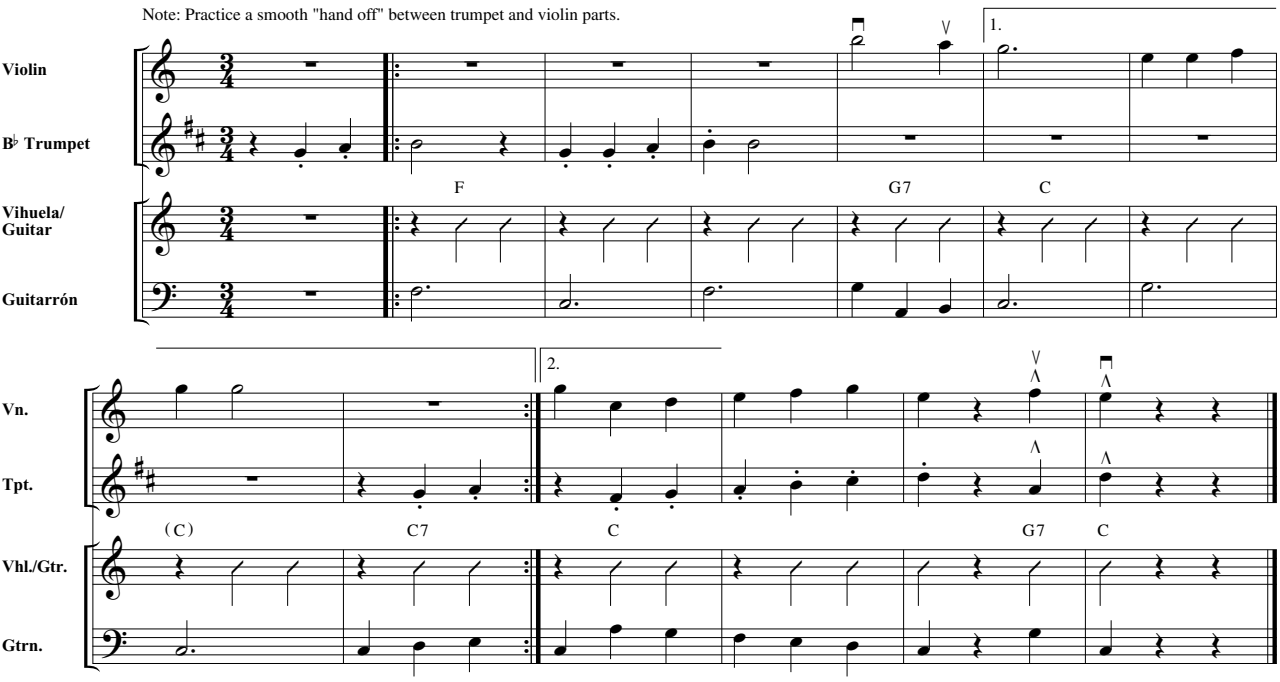
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**Me He De Comer
Esa Túna**



PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	ME HE DE COMER ESA TÚNA
Composer	Luis Martinez Serrano (Luis Mars)
Style	Ranchera Valseada
Key Signature	Key of Do (C Major Concert)
Time Signature	3 = How many beats per measure? 3 4 = What kind of note gets one beat? Quarter Note
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Note: Practice a smooth "hand off" between trumpet and violin parts. 
Chords	F G7 C C7
Vocabulary	Ranchera Valseada – A song form in $\frac{3}{4}$ time. The guitarrón keeps the steady beat by playing primarily on beat 1 while the vihuela and guitar play on beats 2 and 3. Allegro – A tempo indicating a fast (lit. cheerful) pace. Staccato – An articulation marking indicating the note is to be played short and detached lessening its value by at least half.  Simile (sim.) – In similar fashion. May also be notated as  Marcato – An articulation marking indicating the note is played somewhat louder or more forcefully than a note with a regular accent mark.  Repeat Signs – Repeat signs are markings which enclose a passage that is to be played more than one time. If no repeat sign is indicated on the left, the performer returns back to the start of the piece.  Volta Brackets – Markings which indicate that a repeated passage is to be played with different endings each time. There may be multiple endings. 
Notes	“Me He De Comer Esa Túna” comes from a 1945 film by the same name. “Tuna” refers to the fruit of the prickly pear cactus, the “nopal.” The film was a comic western that starred Jorge Negrete who was an enormously popular singer and actor.

Suggested Activities to Promote Literacy and Cultural Awareness:

Ask students to research Jorge Negrete and the songs he made famous. Ensure that they include geographical references and have them provide mini-reports, listening examples and YouTube videos of these performances for the rest of the class. Consider leading a discussion on the diverse interpretations that various artists have used in their recordings of these selections.

PLANNING FOR SUCCESS

Title	
Composer	
Style	
Key Signature	
Time Signature	How many beats per measure? _____ What kind of note gets one beat? _____
Scales/ Exercises to Practice	Note: Practice a smooth "hand off" between trumpet and violin parts.
Chords	
Mánicos (Strumming Patterns)	Be sure to include clef, key signature, and time signature.
Vocabulary	List and define the new terms learned. Be sure to illustrate the corresponding markings where appropriate.
Notes	



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